# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# **FINANCIAL REPORT**

for the financial year ended 31 March 2024

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

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# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors hereby submit their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

# **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is principally engaged in the businesses of investment holding and provision of management services to its subsidiaries. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 7 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

RESULTS	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit after taxation for the financial year	92,232	84,482
Attributable to:- Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	92,256 (24)	84,482
	92,232	84,482

# **DIVIDENDS**

The amount of dividends declared or paid by the Company since 31 March 2023 were as follows:-

In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2023:	RM'000
<ul> <li>Fourth interim single tier tax-exempt dividend of 0.75 sen per share, declared on 26 May 2023 and paid on 4 July 2023</li> </ul>	21,231
In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2024:	
<ul> <li>First interim single tier tax-exempt dividend of 0.60 sen per share, declared on 30 August 2023 and paid on 4 October 2023</li> </ul>	16,889
<ul> <li>Second interim single tier tax-exempt dividend of 0.60 sen per share, declared on 30 November 2023 and paid on 29 December 2023</li> </ul>	16,853
- Third interim single tier tax-exempt dividend of 0.50 sen per share, declared on 29 February 2024 and paid on 29 March 2024	13,983
	68,956

#### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

# **DIVIDENDS (CONT'D)**

In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2024, the Directors had on 30 May 2024 declared a fourth interim single tier tax-exempt dividend of 1.30 sen per share, the Entitlement Date is 18 June 2024 and payable on 2 July 2024. This dividend has not been reflected in the financial statements for the current financial year but it will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained profits for the financial year ending 31 March 2025.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

#### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

#### ISSUES OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

During the financial year:-

- (a) the Company increased its issued and paid-up share capital from RM261,284,000 to RM261,294,260 by way of issuance of 19,000 new ordinary shares from the exercise of Warrants 2018/2023 at the exercise price of RM0.545 per share which amounted to RM10,260.
  - The new ordinary shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.
- (b) there were no issues of debentures by the Company.

#### TREASURY SHARES

During the financial year, the Company purchased 36,481,900 of its issued ordinary shares from the open market at an average price of RM0.45 per share. The total consideration paid for the purchase was RM16,544,173 including transaction costs. The ordinary shares purchased are held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 127(6) of the Companies Act 2016 and are presented as a deduction from equity.

As at 31 March 2024, the Company repurchased, in total its equity securities of 165,931,900 ordinary shares at an average price of RM0.48 per share as treasury shares, the consideration of which amounted to RM78,811,266 inclusive of transaction costs.

#### **OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES**

During the financial year, no options were granted by the Company to any person to take up any unissued shares in the Company.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") of the Company is governed by the ESOS By-Laws and was approved by the shareholders on 20 February 2020. The ESOS is to be in force for a period of 5 years effective from 16 July 2021.

As at the end of the financial year, no ESOS option has been offered under the ESOS.

#### WARRANTS 2018/2023

The Company had on 6 July 2018 issued 675,000,000 free Warrants on the basis of one (1) Warrant for every two (2) existing ordinary shares. The Warrants are constituted by a Deed Poll dated 18 June 2018.

The salient terms of the Warrants 2018/2023 are as follows:-

- (a) Each Warrant entitles the registered holder to subscribe for one (1) new ordinary share in the Company at any time on or before the maturity date, 5 July 2023, falling five (5) years from the date of issue of the Warrants. Unexercised Warrants after the exercise period will thereafter lapse and cease to be valid:
- (b) The exercise price of the Warrants is fixed at RM1.09 per Warrant;
- (c) The new ordinary shares to be issued upon the exercise of the Warrants shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company; and
- (d) The Warrants were listed and quoted on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 12 July 2018.

On 1 October 2020, the Company issued 675,000,000 Additional Warrants on the basis of one (1) warrant for every one (1) existing warrant held in the Company arising from the Adjustment pursuant to Bonus Issue. The exercise price of the Warrant also adjusted to RM0.545 per Warrant.

Upon the expiry date of the Warrants 2018/2023 on 5 July 2023, there were issuance of 19,000 new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of Warrants 2018/2023 at the exercise price of RM0.545 per share.

The Warrants 2018/2023 lapsed on 5 July 2023. As at the end of the financial year, there was no Warrants.

#### **BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS**

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for impairment losses on receivables, and satisfied themselves that there are no known bad debts and that adequate allowance had been made for impairment losses on receivables.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances that would require the writing off of bad debts, or the additional allowance for impairment losses on receivables in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### **CURRENT ASSETS**

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ensure that any current assets, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business, including their value as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company, have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements misleading.

#### **VALUATION METHODS**

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

#### CONTINGENT AND OTHER LIABILITIES

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability of the Group and of the Company has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due, except as disclosed in the financial statements.

#### CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

#### ITEMS OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE

The results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not, in the opinion of the directors, substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors, to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### **DIRECTORS**

The names of directors of the Company who served during the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:-

Chew Chi Hong

Chia Kok Khuang<sup>(1)</sup>

Azrul bin Yahaya(1)

Dato' Ibrahim bin Abdullah

CP(R) Datuk Mohd Khalil bin Kader Mohd

YHM Tengku Dato' Seri Abu Bakar Ahmad bin Tengku Tan Sri Abdullah(2) (Appointed on 26.07.2023)

Ahmad Ridwan bin Abdullah<sup>(2)</sup> (Appointed on 26.07.2023)

Michelle Yong Voon Sze<sup>(2)</sup> (Appointed on 02.08.2023)

Datin Normaliza binti Kairon (Retired on 02.08.2023)

Dato' Roseleen binti Buyong (Retired on 02.08.2023)

Tan Sri Ahmad Zaki Ansore bin Mohd Yusof (Retired on 02.08.2023)

Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr Khalid bin Abu Bakar (Retired on 02.08.2023)

Tan Sri Borhan bin Dolah (Retired on 02.08.2023)

Datuk Haji Abu Hanifah bin Noordin (Retired on 29.02.2024)

Dato' Safian bin Mohd Yunus (Resigned on 26.01.2024)

Dato' Wan Ibrahim bin Wan Ahmad (Resigned on 02.08.2023)

Yee Kim Shing @ Yew Kim Sing (Resigned on 02.08.2023)

Dato' Wan Mohd Safiain bin Wan Hasan (Resigned on 02.08.2023)

#### Notes:-

- (1) In accordance with Clause 165 of the Company's Constitution, Chia Kok Khuang and Azrul bin Yahaya retire from the Board by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
- (2) In accordance with Clause 156 of the Company's Constitution, YHM Tengku Dato' Seri Abu Bakar Ahmad bin Tengku Tan Sri Abdullah, Ahmad Ridwan bin Abdullah and Michelle Yong Voon Sze retire from the Board at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, and being eligible, offer themselves for reelection.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

# **DIRECTORS (CONT'D)**

The names of directors of the Company's subsidiaries who served during the financial year and up to the date of this report, not including those directors mentioned above, are as follows:-

Datuk Ab.Hamid bin Mohamad Hanipah Chuah Ban Cheng Ding Yong Ng Shih Shing Md Diah bin Ramli Tee Lay Ling Cho Dong Wook Hwang Inchang Kim Yoonsuh Adhitya Ulfa

Muhayuddin bin Musa

Dato' Wan Mohd Safiain bin Mohd Hasan (Appointed on 06.07.2023)

Dato' Roseleen binti Buyong (Appointed on 25.07.2023)

Dato' Wan Ibrahim bin Wan Ahmad (Appointed on 25.07.2023)

Abdul Razak bin Mohd Nordin (Appointed on 15.09.2023)

Azwan bin Omar (Appointed on 19.04.2024)

Dato' Ahmad Syahril bin Abdullah (Appointed on 21.06.2023 and resigned on 19.04.2024)

# DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests in shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year of directors holding office at the end of the financial year are as follows:-

		Number of C	rdinary Shares	
THE COMPANY Direct Interests	At 01.04.2023	Bought	Sold	At 31.03.2024
Chew Chi Hong	118,320,000	-	900,000	117,420,000
Indirect Interests Chew Chi Hong Lim Chii Yng (1)	33,112,300	^	670,000	32,442,300

Note:-

Other than as stated above, none of the other directors who were in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the shares of the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests in warrants of the Company during the financial year of directors holding office at the end of the financial year are as follows:-

		Number of	f Warrants	
	At 01.04.2023	Bought	Sold	At 05.07.2023 (Expiry date)
THE COMPANY Direct Interests				
Chew Chi Hong	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000

# **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than directors' remuneration as disclosed in the "Directors' Remuneration" of this report) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in the financial statements.

Neither during nor at the end of the financial year was the Group or the Company a party to any arrangements whose object is to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

<sup>(1) -</sup> Deemed interest in shares held by spouse pursuant to Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

# **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The details of the directors' remuneration paid or payable to the directors of the Company during the financial year are as follows:-

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Fees Salaries, bonuses and other benefits Defined contribution benefits	899 2,809 414	727 2,809 414
	4,122	3,950

# **INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE COST**

During the financial year, the total amount of indemnity coverage and insurance premium paid for the directors and certain officers of the Group were RM10,000,000 and RM23,000 respectively.

# **SUBSIDIARIES**

The details of the Company's subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

# **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Crowe Malaysia PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

The auditors' remuneration of the Group and of the Company for the financial year were RM279,000 and RM58,000 respectively.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 30 May 2024.

**\*** 

Chew Chi Hong

Chia Kok Khuang

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, Chew Chi Hong and Chia Kok Khuang, being two of the directors of Datasonic Group Berhad, state that, in the opinion of the directors, the financial statements set out on pages 16 to 121 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 March 2024 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 30 May 2024.

Dr

**Chew Chi Hong** 

Chia Kok Khuang

# STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

I, Chuah Huei Jiun, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Datasonic Group Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 16 to 121 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the declaration to be true, and by virtue of the Statutory Declarations Act 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovementioned Chuah Huei Jiun

at Kuala Lumpur

in the Federal Territory

on this 30 May 2024

Before me

W 804
SHAIFUL HUMI
BIN HALM
1 Januari 2025
Hingga
31 Disember 2023

Unit C-6-1, Megan Avenue II No. 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng Chuah Huei Jiun (MIA Number: 32171)



Crowe Malaysia PLT 201906000005 (LLP0018817-LCA) & AF 1018 Chartered Accountants Level 16, Tower C, Megan Avenue II 12, Jalan Yap Kwan Seng 50450 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia) Registration No: 200801008472 (809759 - X)

# REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Datasonic Group Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2024 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 16 to 121.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws* (on *Professional Ethics*, *Conduct and Practice*) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 200801008472 (809759 - X)

#### Key Audit Matters (Cont'd)

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Recoverability of Trade Receivables

Refer to Notes 4.1(f), Note 14 and Note 49.1(b) to the financial statements

#### **Key Audit Matter**

As at 31 March 2024, trade receivables that were past due and not impaired amounted to approximately RM115.459 million. The details of trade receivables and its credit risks are disclosed in

Note 49.1(b) to the financial statements.

The management applied assumptions in assessing

the level of allowance for impairment losses on trade receivables based on the following:-

 specific known facts or circumstances on customers' ability to pay; and/or

by reference to past default experiences

The Group assessed at each of the reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that trade receivables are impaired based on the validity of contractual terms, analysis of customer creditworthiness, past historical payment trends and expectation of repayment.

The impairment assessment involved significant judgements and there is inherent uncertainty in the assumptions applied by the management to evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for impairment losses and estimation of future cash collection.

We determined this to be a key audit matter due to the inherent subjectivity that is involved in making judgement in relation to credit risk exposures to assess the recoverability of trade receivables.

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our audit procedures included, amongst others:-

- reviewed and understand the management's assessment of recoverability of major trade receivables;
- reviewed contractual terms to ensure the Group has contractual right to recognise revenue and collect payments;
- reviewed recoverability of major trade receivables including but not limited to the review of subsequent collections;
- enquired management on project/receivables status for major customers;
- reviewed collections and sales trends during the financial year of major trade receivables; and/or
- reviewed management's basis of estimation on the adequacy of the Group's allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables.



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# Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



(Incorporated in Malaysia)
Registration No: 200801008472 (809759 - X)

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:-

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and
  of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
  those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
  opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and
  of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and
  of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group.
   We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Registration No: 200801008472 (809759 - X)

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

#### OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

M

Crowe Malaysia PLT 201906000005 (LLP0018817-LCA) & AF 1018 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur

30 May 2024

Choong Kok Keong 03461/11/2025 J Chartered Accountant

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

		Gro	oup	Com	pany
ASSETS	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
ASSETS					
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	5	104,291	110,132	6,112	5,585
Right-of-use assets	6	11,377	12,038	9,092	10,012
Investments in subsidiaries	7	-	-	124,255	91,255
Investment in an associate	8	-	-	-	**
Other investments	9	1,350	110	-	-
Goodwill	10	2,702	4,162	-	-
Development expenditure	11	-	3,852	<u>.</u>	-
	•	119,720	130,294	139,459	106,852
CURRENT ASSETS	ſ			1	
Projects-in-progress	12	1,182	1,597	_	_
Inventories	13	58,779	48,723	-	-
Trade receivables	14	168,122	114,605	-	_
Other receivables, deposits and		·			
prepayments	15	7,567	12,504	966	533
Amounts owing by subsidiaries	16	-	-	77,785	69,860
Short-term investments	17	84,278	133,092	4,291	48,154
Deposits with licensed banks	18	6,364	6,399	-	-
Cash and bank balances	18	22,268	18,148	1,260	562
		348,560	335,068	84,302	119,109
TOTAL ASSETS	-	468,280	465,362	223,761	225,961

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024 (CONT'D)

		Gro	up	Comp	anv
	<b>\$1</b> - 4 -	2024	2023	2024	2023
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
EQUITY	1				<u></u>
Share capital	19	261,294	261,284	261,294	261,284
Treasury shares Merger deficit	20 21	(78,811)	(62,267) (11,072)	(78,811)	(62,267)
Fair value reserve	21	(11,072) 240	(11,072)	_	-
Foreign exchange translation		- 70			
reserve	23	(172)	(63)	-	-
Retained profits		195,562	172,262	37,419	21,893
Equity attributable to owners	•		Programme and the contract of		
of the Company		367,041	360,144	219,902	220,910
Non-controlling interests		233	246	~	-
TOTAL EQUITY		367,274	360,390	219,902	220,910
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	0.4	44.000	40 704	454	4.040
Long-term borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	24 29	14,220 4,692	18,734 5,183	454	1,046
Deserted tax habilities	20	4,082			
		18,912	23,917	454	1,046
CURRENT LIABILITIES	{		]		
Trade payables	30	14,987	19,457		-
Other payables and accruals	31	13,990	15,679	2,074	1,636
Provision for taxation  Amounts owing to subsidiaries	16	7,517	5,317	66	81   133
Short-term borrowings	32	45,600	40,602	1,164	2,155
	1	82,094	81,055	3,405	4,005
TOTAL LIABILITIES		101,006	104,972	3,859	5,051
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		468,280	465,362	223,761	225,961
NET ASSETS PER SHARE (SEN)	33	13.13	12.71		

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

		Gro	up	Comp	any
	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
REVENUE	35	368,309	344,705	110,459	75,908
COST OF SALES		(147,705)	(155,333)	*	
GROSS PROFIT		220,604	189,372	110,459	75,908
OTHER INCOME	36	4,049	4,025	3,451	3,448
	_	224,653	193,397	113,910	79,356
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(98,959)	(83,555)	(29,047)	(29,795)
	_	125,694	109,842	84,863	49,561
FINANCE COSTS	38	(3,218)	(1,659)	(99)	(110)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	39	122,476	108,183	84,764	49,451
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	40	(30,244)	(31,838)	(282)	(472)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		92,232	76,345	84,482	48,979
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
Item that May be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss Fair value reserve		240	•	-	-
Foreign currency translation differences		(98)	(8)	-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	-	92,374	76,337	84,482	48,979

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (CONT'D)

		Gro	up	Comp	any
	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION ATTRIBUTABLE TO:-					
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		92,256 (24)	76,367 (22)	84,482 ~	48,979 -
	•	92,232	76,345	84,482	48,979
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:-					
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		92,387 (13)	76,360 (23)	84,482 -	48,979 -
		92,374	76,337	84,482	48,979
EARNINGS PER SHARE (SEN)	41				
Basic		3.28	2.68		
Diluted		3.28	2.68		

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

					:	:				
Group	Note	Share Capital RM'000	Treasury Shares RM'000	Merger Deficit RM'000	Fair Value Reserve RM'000	Non-Distributable> Foreign Exchange Fair Value Translation Reserve Reserve RM'000 RM'000	Distributable Retained Profits RM'000	Attributable to Owners of The Company RM'000	Non- controlling Interests RM'000	Total Equity RM'000
At 1 April 2023	'	261,284	(62,267)	(11,072)	ŧ	(63)	172,262	360,144	246	360,390
Profit after taxation for the financial year		·	ı		1		92,256	92,256	(24)	92,232
Other comprehensive income for the financial year.		ı	1	1	240	,	ı	240	1	240
- roreign currency translation differences		•	•	-	•	(109)		(109)	11	(86)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	•	1	1	1	240	(109)	92,256	92,387	(13)	92,374
Contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company: - issuance of shares upon	•				***************************************					
exercise of warrants - purchase of treasury shares - dividends	19 34		(16,544)		, , ,		. (68,956)	10 (16,544) (68,956)	: 1 1	10 (16,544) (68,956)
Total transactions with owners	'	10	(16,544)	•	-	-	(88,956)	(85,490)	,	(85,490)
At 31 March 2024	•	261,294	(78,811)	(11,072)	240	(172)	195,562	367,041	233	367,274
	•									

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Registration No: 200801008472 (809759 - X)

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (CONT'D)

Group	N Oof e	Share Capital RM:000	Treasury Shares RM'000	Merger Deficit RM:000	Non- Distributable Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve RM'000	Distributable Retained Profits RM*000	Attributable to Owners of The Company RM'000	Non- controlling interests RM*000	Total Equity RM*000
At 1 April 2022		261,284	(46,430)	(11,072)	(99)	138,520	342,246	269	342,515
Profit after taxation for the financial year	<b></b>	,		1	-	76,367	76,367	(22)	76,345
Other comprehensive income for the financial year; - foreign currency translation differences	, ,	1	1	ı	(7)	,	(2)	(5)	(8)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	1	ı	ı	ı	(2)	76,367	76,360	(23)	76,337
Contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company: - purchase of freasury shares - dividends	34	, ,	(15,837)	, ,	1 )	(42,625)	(15,837) (42,625)		(15,837) (42,625)
Total transactions with owners	J	,	(15,837)	1	,	(42,625)	(58,462)		(58,462)
At 31 March 2023		261,284	(62,267)	(11,072)	(63)	172,262	360,144	246	360,390
	•								

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (CONT'D)

Company	Note	Share Capital RM'000	Treasury Shares RM'000	Distributable Retained Profits RM'000	Total Equity RM'000
At 1 April 2023		261,284	(62,267)	21,893	220,910
Profit after taxation/Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	-	84,482	84,482
Contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company: - issuance of shares upon exercise of warrants - purchase of treasury shares - dividends	19 20 34	 	- (16,544) -	- - (68,956)	10 (16,544) (68,956)
At 31 March 2024	•	261,294	(78,811)	37,419	219,902
At 1 April 2022		261,284	(46,430)	15,539	230,393
Profit after taxation/Total comprehensive income for the financial year  Contributions by and		-	-	48,979	48,979
distributions to owners of the Company: - purchase of treasury shares - dividends	20 34	*	(15,837) -	(42,625)	(15,837) (42,625)
At 31 March 2023	_	261,284	(62,267)	21,893	220,910

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

		Group		Company	
	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
CASH FŁOWS FROM/(FOR)	Note	KWI UUU	KW 000	KWI 000	KW 000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before taxation		122,476	108,183	84,764	49,451
Adjustments for:-					
Allowance for impairment losses on:					
- amount owing by a subsidiary		-	-	-	6,103
- goodwill		1,460	~	-	-
- inventories		-	37	-	-
- trade receivables		174	3,572	-	-
Amortisation of development expenditure		3,852	11,507	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		22,786	24,899	1,179	1,084
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		1,087	24,699 419	920	371
Property, plant and equipment written off		175	2	6	1
Interest expense:		17.0	_	O	,
- interest expense on lease liabilities		52	14	39	14
- other interest expense		3,166	1,645	60	96
Inventories written off		1,796	136		
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange		(62)	(272)	(4)	(4)
Dividend income		-	~	(84,500)	(56,000)
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment		(38)	(46)	(38)	(46)
Interest income		(988)	(361)	(968)	(207)
Written back of impairment losses on:					
- amount owing by a subsidiary		-	-	(2,075)	-
- inventories		(42)	(214)	-	-
- trade receivables	-	(30)	(53)	_	-
Operating profit/(loss) before working		155,864	149,468	(617)	863
capital changes Decrease in projects-in-progress		415	1,583	(017)	000
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		(11,810)	3,554	_	··
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other		(11,010)	0,004		
receivables		(48,717)	(70,326)	(433)	15
(Decrease)/Increase in trade and		(10), //	(, ,,,,,,,	(144)	
other payables		(6,285)	13,951	437	753
(Increase)/Decrease in amount owing by		, , ,	·		
subsidiaries		-	-	(59)	83
Decrease in amount owing to subsidiaries		-	-	(67)	(18)
CASH FROM/(FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	89,467	98,230	(739)	1,696
Income tax paid		(28,536)	(23,280)	(262)	(425)
Income tax paid Income tax refund		(20,000)	(20,200)	(202)	(420)
Interest paid		(3,218)	(1,659)	(99)	(110)
•	-		(.1000)	(00)	
NET CASH FROM/(FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		57,714	73,291	(1,100)	1,161
	-				

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 (CONT'D)

		Group		Com	pany
	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
CASH FLOWS (FOR)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Note	KW 000	KW 000	KM 000	KW 000
Additional investment in existing subsidiaries Addition of other investment		- (1,000)	-	(8,300)	(154)
Interest received		988	361	968	207
Dividend received Proceeds from disposal of plant and		h	~	54,000	31,000
equipment  Purchase of property, plant and		38	174	38	174
equipment	42(a)	(16,510)	(3,868)	(1,081)	(137)
Withdrawal/(Placement) of deposits pledged to licensed banks		35	(292)	-	-
NET CASH (FOR)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(16,449)	(3,625)	45,625	31,090
CASH FLOWS FOR FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares Dividends paid Purchase of treasury shares Repayment of lease liabilities Repayment of hire purchase Drawdown of trade financing Repayment of term loans Repayment of term linancing NET CASH FOR FINANCING	20 42(b) 42(b) 42(b) 42(b) 42(b) 42(b)	10 (68,956) (16,544) (821) (46) 86,205 (80,316) (4,134) (1,447)	(42,625) (15,837) (172) - 39,116 (8,234) (4,108) (1,394)	10 (68,956) (16,544) (707) (46) - - (1,447)	(42,625) (15,837) (172) - - - - (1,394)
ACTIVITIES		(86,049)	(33,254)	(87,690)	(60,028)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(44,784)	36,412	(43,165)	(27,777)
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSLATION		90	80	**	4
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		151,240	114,748	48,716	76,489
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	18	106,546	151,240	5,551	48,716

# DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the main market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office and principal place of business are at Level 6, Bangunan Setia 1, No. 15, Lorong Dungun, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 30 May 2024.

#### 2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in the businesses of investment holding and provision of management services to its subsidiaries. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 7 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 3.1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified to include other bases of valuation as disclosed in other sections under material accounting policy information, and in compliance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

(a) During the current financial year, the Group and the Company have adopted the following new accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any):-

#### MFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)

MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendment to MFRS 17: Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - Comparative Information

Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

Amendments to MFRS 112: International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules

The adoption of the above accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) did not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

# 3.1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONT'D)

(b) The Group and the Company have not applied in advance the following accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but are not yet effective for the current financial year:-

MFRSs and/or IC Interpretations (Including The Consequential Amendments)	Effective Date
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred
Amendments to MFRS 16: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101: Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7: Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 121: Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025

The adoption of the above accounting standards and/or interpretations (including the consequential amendments, if any) is expected to have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company upon their initial application.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### 3.2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to the end of the financial year.

Subsidiaries are entities (including structured entities, if any) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has de facto power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group up to the effective date on which control ceases, as appropriate.

Intragroup transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Intragroup losses may indicate impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to ensure consistency of accounting policies with those of the Group.

#### (a) Merger Accounting for Common Control Business Combinations

Acquisitions which result in a business combination involving common control entities, are outside the scope of MFRS 3. Accordingly, merger accounting has been used by the Group to account for such common control business combinations.

A business combination involving entities under common control is a business combination in which all the combining entities or subsidiaries are ultimately controlled by the same party and parties both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory.

Subsidiaries acquired which have met the criteria for pooling of interest are accounted for using merger accounting principles. Under the merger method of accounting, the results of the subsidiaries are presented as if the merger had been effected throughout the financial year.

The assets and liabilities combined are accounted for based on the carrying amounts from the perspective of the common control shareholder at the date of transfer. No amount is recognised in respect of goodwill and excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of the common control business combination to the extent of the continuation of the interests of the controlling party or parties.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### 3.2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONT'D)

# (a) Merger Accounting for Common Control Business Combinations (Cont'd)

When the merger method is used, the cost of investment in the Company's books is recorded at the nominal value of shares issued. The difference between the carrying value of the investment and the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries is treated as a merger deficit or merger reserve as applicable. The results of the subsidiaries being merged are included for the full financial year.

# (b) Acquisition Method of Accounting for Non-common Control Business Combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. Under the acquisition method, the consideration transferred for acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group at the acquisition date. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs, other than the costs to issue debt or equity securities, are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

In a business combination achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Non-controlling interests in the acquiree may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

#### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### 3.2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONT'D)

#### (c) Non-controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests are presented within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the equity attributable to owners of the Company. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

At the end of each financial year, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity.

## (d) Changes in Ownership Interests in Subsidiaries Without Change of Control

All changes in the parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity of the Group.

#### (e) Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group recognises any gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss which is calculated as the difference between:-

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest in the former subsidiary; and
- (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the former subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the former subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits). The fair value of any investments retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under MFRS 9 or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### 4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year other than as disclosed below:-

#### (a) Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

The estimates for the residual values, useful lives and related depreciation charges for the property, plant and equipment are based on commercial factors which could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitors' actions in response to the market conditions. The Group anticipates that the residual values of its property, plant and equipment will be insignificant. As a result, residual values are not being taken into consideration for the computation of the depreciable amount. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

#### (b) Income Taxes

There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination may be different from the initial estimate. The Group recognises tax liabilities based on its understanding of the prevailing tax laws and estimates of whether such taxes will be due in the ordinary course of business. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax expense and deferred tax balances in the year in which such determination is made.

#### (c) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-use Assets

The Group determines whether its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to changes such as market performance, economic and political situation of the country. A variety of methods is used to determine the recoverable amount, such as valuation reports and discounted cash flows. For discounted cash flows, significant judgement is required in the estimation of the present value of future cash flows generated by the assets, which involve uncertainties and are significantly affected by assumptions used and judgements made regarding estimates of future cash flows and discount rates.

#### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D) 4.

#### 4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Cont'd)

#### (d) **Amortisation of Development Expenditure**

The estimates for the residual values, useful lives and related amortisation charges for the development expenditure are based on commercial factors which could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitors' actions in response to the market conditions. The Group anticipates that the residual values of its development expenditure will be insignificant. As a result, residual values are not being taken into consideration for the computation of the amortisation amount. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future amortisation charges could be revised.

#### Write-down of Inventories and Projects-in-progress (e)

Reviews are made periodically by management on damaged, obsolete and slow-moving inventories and projects-in-progress. These reviews require judgement and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuation of inventories and projects-in-progress.

#### (f) Impairment of Trade Receivables

The Group uses the simplified approach to estimate a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables. The Group develops the expected loss rates based on the payment profiles of past sales and the corresponding historical credit losses, and adjusts for qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade receivables.

#### Impairment of Other Receivables (g)

The loss allowances for other financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting appropriate inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the past payment trends, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

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# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Cont'd)

#### (h) Impairment of Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and at other times when such indicators exist. This requires management to estimate the expected future cash flows of the cash-generating unit to which goodwill is allocated and to apply a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows. The future cash flows are most sensitive to budgeted gross margins, growth rates estimated and discount rate used. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of goodwill.

#### (i) Fair Value Estimates for Certain Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The Group carries certain financial assets and financial fiabilities at fair value, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates and judgement. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Group uses different valuation methodologies. Any changes in fair value of these assets and liabilities would affect profit and/or equity.

#### (j) Impairment of Development Expenditure

The Group determines whether the development expenditure are impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to changes such as market performance, economic and political situation of the country. A variety of methods is used to determine the recoverable amount, such as valuation reports and discounted cash flows. For discounted cash flows, significant judgement is required in the estimation of the present value of future cash flows generated by the assets, which involve uncertainties and are significantly affected by assumptions used and judgements made regarding estimates of future cash flows and discount rates.

## (k) Discount Rates used in Leases

Where the interest rate implicit in the lease cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate to measure the lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate is the interest rate that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. Therefore, the incremental borrowing rate requires estimation particularly when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group estimates the incremental borrowing rate using observable inputs when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

#### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Critical Judgements Made in Applying Accounting Policies

Management believes that there are no instances of application of critical judgement in applying the accounting policies of the Group and of the Company which will have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than as disclosed below:-

#### (a) Lease Terms

Some leases contain extension options exercisable by the Group before the end of the non-cancellable contract period. In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances including the past practice and any cost that will be incurred to change the asset if an option to extend is not taken. An extension option is only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

#### 4.2 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. The measurement assumes that the transaction takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For financial reporting purposes, the fair value measurements are analysed into level 1 to level 3 as follows:-

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liability that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The transfer of fair value between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### 4.3 FUNCTIONAL AND FOREIGN CURRENCIES

#### (a) Functional and Presentation Currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, which is the functional currency.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

#### (b) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the respective functional currencies on initial recognition, using the exchange rates at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities at the end of the financial period are translated at the exchange rates ruling as of that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rates that existed when the values were determined. All exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss.

# (c) Foreign Operations

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations (including any goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition) are translated to the Group's presentation currency at the exchange rates at the end of the financial year. Income, expenses and other comprehensive income of foreign operations are translated at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. All exchange differences arising from translation are taken directly to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity; attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests, as appropriate.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the end of the financial year.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign subsidiary, or a partial disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that foreign operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. The portion that related to non-controlling interests is derecognised but is not reclassified to profit or loss.

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.3 FUNCTIONAL AND FOREIGN CURRENCIES (CONT'D)

### (c) Foreign Operations (Cont'd)

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence, the proportionate share of the accumulative exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of an intragroup loan is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, the exchange differences arising from translating such monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in the foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### 4.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statements of financial position when the Group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial instruments are classified as financial assets, liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and their definitions in MFRS 132. Interest, dividends, gains and losses relating to a financial instrument classified as a liability, are reported as an expense or income. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are charged directly to equity.

Financial instruments are offset when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

A financial instrument is recognised initially at its fair value (other than trade receivables without significant financing component which are measured at transaction price as defined in MFRS 15 at inception). Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument (other than a financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss) are added to/deducted from the fair value on initial recognition, as appropriate. Transaction costs on the financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial instruments recognised in the statements of financial position are disclosed in the individual policy statement associated with each item.

### (a) Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value (through profit or loss, or other comprehensive income), depending on the classification of the financial assets.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

### (a) Financial Assets (Cont'd)

Debt Instruments

### (i) Amortised Cost

The financial asset is held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When the asset has subsequently become credit-impaired, the interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts), excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the financial asset or a shorter period (where appropriate).

### (ii) Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

The financial asset is held for both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, where the asset's cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, except for the recognition of impairment, interest income and foreign exchange difference which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Interest income is calculated using the effective interest rate method.

### (iii) Fair Value through Profit or Loss

All other financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets change, if any.

### Equity Instruments

All equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in profit or loss except where the Group has elected to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve at initial recognition.

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

### (a) Financial Assets (Cont'd)

Equity Instruments (Cont'd)

The designation at fair value through other comprehensive income is not permitted if the equity investment is either held for trading or is designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise.

Dividend income from this category of financial assets is recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the equity investments.

### (b) Financial Liabilities

(i) Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are either held for trading or are designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise. The changes in fair value of these financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

### (ii) Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts), through the expected life of the financial liability or a shorter period (where appropriate).

Financial liabilities are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4,4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

### (c) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of a debt instrument classified as fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the fair value reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. In contrast, there is no subsequent reclassification of the fair value reserve to profit or loss following the derecognition of an equity investment.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

### (d) Equity Instruments

Equity instruments classified as equity are measured initially at cost and are not remeasured subsequently.

### (i) Ordinary Shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from proceeds. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as liabilities when approved for appropriation.

### (ii) Treasury Shares

When the Company's own shares recognised as equity are bought back, the amount of the consideration paid, including all costs directly attributable, are recognised as a deduction from equity. Own shares purchased that are not subsequently cancelled are classified as treasury shares and are presented as a deduction from total equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of treasury shares.

Where treasury shares are reissued by resale, the difference between the sales consideration received and the carrying amount of the treasury shares is recognised in equity.

Where treasury shares are cancelled, their costs are transferred to retained profits.

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.5 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost in the statement of financial position of the Company, and are reviewed for impairment at the end of the financial period if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. The cost of the investments includes transaction costs.

On the disposal of the investments in subsidiaries, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments is recognised in profit or loss.

### 4.6 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

An associate is an entity in which the Group and the Company have a long-term equity interest and where it exercises significant influence over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are stated at cost in the statement of financial position of the Company, and are reviewed for impairment at the end of the financial year if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs.

The investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated statement of financial position using the equity method, based on the financial statements of the associate made up to the end of the financial year. The Group's share of the post acquisition profits and other comprehensive income of the associate is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, after adjustment if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences up to the effective date on which significant influence ceases or when the investment is classified as held for sale. The Group's interest in the associate is carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus the Group's share of the post acquisition retained profits and reserves. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation.

Unrealised gains or losses on transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless cost cannot be recovered.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate and the retained interest in the former associate is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as the initial carrying amount of the financial asset in accordance with MFRS 9. Furthermore, the Group also reclassifies its share of the gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income of that associate to profit or loss when the equity method is discontinued.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.7 GOODWILL

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The carrying value of goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may be impaired. The impairment value of goodwill is recognised immediately in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Under the acquisition method, any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interests recognised and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition is recorded as goodwill.

Where the latter amount exceeds the former, after reassessment, the excess represents a bargain purchase gain and is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

In respect of equity-accounted associates, the carrying amount of goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and an impairment loss on such an investment is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the equity-accounted associates.

### 4.8 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs dismantling and removing the items and restoring that site on which they are located.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment loss.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the cost is incurred and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of parts that are replaced is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Cost also comprises the initial estimate of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located for which the Group is obligated to incur when the asset is acquired, if applicable.

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.8 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other property, plant and equipment is charged to profit or loss (unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset) on the straight-line method to write off the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation of an asset does not cease when the asset becomes idle or is retired from active use unless the asset is fully depreciated. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

Furniture and fittings 10%
Motor vehicles 20%
Office equipment 10% - 33.33%
Machineries Over the project output, 6.67% - 25%
Renovation 10%
Buildings 2%

The depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each financial year to ensure that the amounts, method and periods of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of the property, plant and equipment. Any changes are accounted for as a change in estimate.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Assets-in-progress represent assets under construction, and which are not ready for commercial use at the end of the financial year. Assets-in-progress are stated at cost, and is transferred to the relevant category of assets and depreciated accordingly when the assets are completed and ready for commercial use.

Cost of assets-in-progress include direct cost, related expenditure and interest cost on borrowings taken to finance the construction or acquisition of the assets to the date that the assets are completed and put into use.

An item of property, plant and equipment are derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset, being the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.9 RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

Development expenditure is recognised as expense except that expenditure incurred on development projects are capitalised as non-current assets to the extent that such expenditure is expected to generate future economic benefits. Development expenditure is capitalised if, and only if an entity can demonstrate all of the following:-

- (a) its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the asset under development;
- (b) the product or process is technically and commercially feasible;
- (c) its future economic benefits are probable;
- (d) its intention to complete and the ability to use or sell the developed asset; and
- (e) the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the asset under development.

Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Development expenditure initially recognised as expenses are not recognised as assets in the subsequent period.

The development expenditure is amortised on either a unit of production method over the life of the project or straight-line method over a period of 5 years, where applicable, when the products are ready for sale or use. In the event that the expected future economic benefits are no longer probable of being recovered, the development expenditure is written down to its recoverable amount.

The amortisation method, useful life and residual value are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each financial year.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.10 IMPAIRMENT

### (a) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost.

The expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Group always recognises lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables and contract assets using the simplified approach. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience and are adjusted for forward-looking information (including time value of money where appropriate).

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.10 IMPAIRMENT (CONT'D)

### (b) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The carrying values of assets, other than those to which MFRS 136 does not apply, are reviewed at the end of each financial year for impairment when an annual impairment assessment is compulsory or there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying values of the assets with their recoverable amounts. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss shall be recognised. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of the assets' fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use, which is measured by reference to discounted future cash flows using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the assets. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group determines the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the asset is carried at its revalued amount. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent of a previously recognised revaluation surplus for the same asset. Any impairment losses recognised in respect of a cash-generating units is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit on a pro rata basis.

In respect of assets other than goodwill, and when there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as a reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the asset is carried at its revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.11 PROJECTS-IN-PROGRESS

Projects-in-progress represent costs incurred on projects which are not completed as at the end of the financial year. Projects-in-progress are stated at cost, which includes directly attributable labour costs and an appropriate proportion of directly attributable costs and overheads on such projects. When it is probable that total project costs will exceed total project revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately. The revenue is recognised progressively in profit or loss upon completion of the projects based on delivery of goods and customers' acceptance.

### 4.12 INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in-first-out method and comprises the purchase price, production or conversion costs and incidentals incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The cost of conversion includes cost directly related to the units of production, and a proportion of fixed production overheads based on normal capacity of the production facilities.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Where necessary, due allowance is made for obsolete, damaged and slowing-moving items. The Group write down its obsolete or slow moving inventories based on assessment of the condition and the future demand for the inventories. These inventories are written down when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recovered.

### 4.13 LEASES

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at the inception of the contract. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for low-value assets and short-term leases with 12 months or less. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line method over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use assets and the associated lease liabilities are presented as a separate line item in the statements of financial position.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. Cost includes the initial amount of the corresponding lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and the estimated costs of dismantling and restoration costs, less any incentives received.

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.13 LEASES (CONT'D)

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The depreciation starts from the commencement date of the lease. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of the right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those property, plant and equipment. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

Office premises Leasehold land Over the lease periods Over 54 years

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in the future lease payments (other than lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease) with the corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount has been reduced to zero.

### 4.14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturity periods of three months or less. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts.

### 4.15 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting year and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is the present value of the estimated expenditure required to settle the obligation. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as interest expense in profit or loss.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.16 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs that directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are ready for their intended use or sale. The capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended during extended periods in which active development is interrupted.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss as expenses in the period in which they incurred.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowing pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

### 4.17 INCOME TAXES

### (a) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are expected amount of income tax recoverable or payable to the taxation authorities.

Current taxes are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

### (b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method for all temporary differences other than those that arise from goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.17 INCOME TAXES (CONT'D)

### (b) Deferred Tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Current and deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill or negative goodwill.

Current tax assets and liabilities or deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity (or on different tax entities but they intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis) and the same taxation authority.

### (c) Sales Tax and Service Tax ("SST")

SST are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are either capitalised or recognised in profit or loss. The amount of SST charged arising from revenue and is payable to the authorities at the end of the reporting period is included in other payables.

### 4.18 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

### (a) Short-term Benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and bonuses are measured on an undiscounted basis and are recognised in profit or loss or included in the development expenditure, where appropriate, in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group.

### (b) Defined Contribution Plans

The Group's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in profit or loss or included in the development expenditure, where appropriate, in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further liability in respect of the defined contribution plans.

### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.19 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

### 4.20 OPERATING SEGMENTS

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

### 4.21 EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE

Basic earnings per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the consolidated profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the reporting period, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted earnings per ordinary share is determined by adjusting the consolidated profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which derived from the warrants.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.22 RELATED PARTIES

A party is related to an entity (referred to as the "reporting entity") if:-

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:-
  - (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the reporting entity.

- (b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:-
  - (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a) above.
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) above has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

Related parties also include key management personnel defined as directors having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting entity either directly or indirectly.

### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.23 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised by reference to each distinct performance obligation in the contract with customer. Revenue from contracts with customers is measured at its transaction price, being the amount of consideration which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, net of sales and service tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers control over a product or service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service at a point in time unless one of the following overtime criteria is met:-

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided as the Group performs.
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group
  has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

### (a) Sale of Goods and Software Solutions ("SS")

Revenue from sale of goods and SS is recognised when the Group has transferred control of the goods to the customer, being when the goods have been delivered to the customer and upon its acceptance. Following delivery, the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

### (b) Rendering of Services

Revenue from providing services is recognised over time in the period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided because the customer receives and uses the benefits simultaneously.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### 4.24 REVENUE FROM OTHER SOURCES AND OTHER OPERATING INCOME

### (a) Management Fee

Management fee is recognised on an accrual basis.

### (b) Dividend Income

Dividend income from investment is recognised when the right to receive dividend payment is established.

### (c) Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

### (d) Rental Income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line method over the lease term.

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# DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ທ່

Group	Furniture and Fittings RM'000	Motor Vehicles RM'000	Office Equipment N RM'000	Machineries RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Buildings RM'000	Freehold Land RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 April 2023 Additions Write offs Disposals	780 244 (15)	1,093 1,298 ,	9,612 5,267 (270)	229,040 9,623 (3,634)	16,145 695 (109)	41,332	11,735	309,737 17,127 (4,028) (150)
Translation difference At 31 March 2024	1,009	2,241	14,609	235,017	16,731	41,332	11,735	322,674

Note:-# - Amount less than RM1,000.

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# DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D) ဟ

Group	Furniture and Fittings RM'000	Motor Vehicles RM'000	Office Equipment RM'000	Machineries RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Buildings RM*000	Freehold Land RM'000	Total RM'000
Accumulated Depreciation	ç.	ć i	1		0	0		0
At 1 April 2023	426	8/n	7,486	176,249	10,643	3,931	,	199,605
Charge for the year	161	274	1,987	17,971	1,567	826	,	22,786
Write offs	(8)	•	(569)	(3,467)	(109)	•	1	(3,853)
Disposals	1	(150)	1	1	1	ı	1	(150)
Translation difference	1		#	(2)	•			(2)
At 31 March 2024	679	994	9,204	190,748	12,101	4,757	ł	218,383
Net Book Value	430	1,247	5,405	44,269	4,630	36,575	11,735	104,291

Note:-# - Amount less than RM1,000.

Registration No: 200801008472 (809759 - X)

**DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D) ις

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT. D)								
Group	Furniture and Fittings RM'000	Motor Vehicles RM'000	Office Equipment RM'000	Machineries RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Buildings RM'000	Freehold Land RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost At 1 April 2022 Additions Write offs Disposals Translation difference	1,005 24 (133) (116)	1,552 - - (459)	9,299 1,149 (554) (283)	229,667 2,431 (3,104) 46	15,881 264 - -	41,332	11,735	310,471 3,868 (3,791) (858)
At 31 March 2023	780	1,093	9,612	229,040	16,145	41,332	11,735	309,737
Accumulated Depreciation At 1 April 2022 Charge for the year Write offs Disposals Translation difference	591 82 (131) (116)	982 219 (331)	7,124 1,198 (554) (283)	158,336 21,003 (3,104) -	9,073 1,570 -	3,104 827 - -	1 1 1 1 1	179,210 24,899 (3,789) (730)
At 31 March 2023	426	870	7,486	176,249	10,643	3,931	•	199,605
Net Book Value	354	223	2,126	52,791	5,502	37,401	11,735	110,132

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# **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D) ις.

Company	Furniture and Fittings RM'000	Motor Vehicles RM'000	Office Equipment RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Building RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost At 1 April 2023 Additions Write offs Disposals Transfer from subsidiaries Transfer to subsidiaries	330 115 (13)	964 1,298 - (150)	1,186 153 (51) - 15 (11)	5,821 132	4,306	12,607 1,698 (64) (150) 15 (11)
At 31 March 2024	432	2,112	1,292	5,953	4,306	14,095
Accumulated Depreciation At 1 April 2023 Charge for the year Write offs Disposals Transfer to subsidiaries	143	741 274 (150)	951 153 (51) (10)	4,341 553 - -	846 86 ' ' '	7,022 1,179 (58) (150) (10)
At 31 March 2024	249	865	1,043	4,894	932	7,983
Net Book Value	183	1,247	249	1,059	3,374	6,112

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# DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D) က်

Company	Furniture and Fittings RM'000	Motor Vehicles RM'000	Office Equipment RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Building RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost At 1 April 2022 Additions Write offs Disposals Transfer to subsidiaries	320 23 (13)	1,423 - (459)	1,160 112 (71) -	5,819	4,306	13,028 137 (84) (459) (15)
At 31 March 2023	330	964	1,186	5,821	4,306	12,607
Accumulated Depreciation At 1 April 2022 Charge for the year Write offs Disposals Transfer to subsidiaries	123 33 (13)	853 219 (331)	862 171 (70) (12)	3,766 575 -	760 86 -	6,364 1,084 (83) (331) (12)
At 31 March 2023	143	741	951	4,341	846	7,022
Net Book Value	187	223	235	1,480	3,460	5,585

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

(a) The net book values of the property, plant and equipment which were charged to licensed banks for facilities granted to the Group and the Company as at the end of the financial year were as follows:-

	Gro	up	Comp	oany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Freehold land Buildings	11,735 34,542	11,735 35,319	3,374	3,460
	46,277	47,054	3,374	3,460

(b) Included in the property, plant and equipment of the Group and of the Company were motor vehicles held under hire purchase arrangements with a total carrying amount of RM629,000 (2023 - RM Nil) respectively. These assets have had been pledged as security for the hire purchase payables of the Group as disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Group	Office Premises RM'000	Leasehold Land RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2023 Additions	1,430 426	13,340	14,770 426
At 31 March 2024	1,856	13,340	15,196
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 1 April 2023 Charge for the year	172 840	2,560 247	2,732 1,087
At 31 March 2024	1,012	2,807	3,819
Net Book Value	844	10,533	11,377
Group	Office Premise RM'000	Leasehold Land RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost			
Cost At 1 April 2022 Addition	- 1,430	13,340	13,340 1,430
At 1 April 2022	1,430		-
At 1 April 2022 Addition		-	1,430
At 1 April 2022 Addition At 31 March 2023		-	1,430
At 1 April 2022 Addition At 31 March 2023  Accumulated Depreciation At 1 April 2022	1,430	13,340	1,430 14,770 2,313

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONT'D)

Company	Office Premise RM'000	Leasehold Land RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2023/31 March 2024	1,430	10,740	12,170
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 1 April 2023	172	1,986	2,158
Charge for the year	722	198	920
At 31 March 2024	894	2,184	3,078
Net Book Value	536	8,556	9,092
Company	Office Premise RM'000	Leasehold Land RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2022	-	10,740	10,740
Addition	1,430	-	1,430
At 31 March 2023	1,430	10,740	12,170
Accumulated Depreciation			
At 1 April 2022	**	1,787	1,787
Charge for the year	172	199	371
At 31 March 2023	172	1,986	2,158
Net Book Value	1,258	8,754	10,012

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONT'D)

### (a) Leasehold Land

The Group entered into 2 non-cancellable operating lease agreements for the use of the land. The leases are for a period of 54 years with no renewal or purchase option in the agreements. The leases do not allow the Group to assign, transfer or sublease the whole or any part of the land. The leasehold land of the Group and of the Company amounting to approximately RM8,556,000 (2023 - RM8,754,000) is charged to licensed banks for facilities granted to the Group and the Company respectively as at the end of the financial year.

### (b) Office Premises

The Group and the Company entered into operating lease agreements for the use of the office premises. The lease agreement is for a period of 2 to 4 years (2023 - 2 years) with no purchase option.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 7. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

				Comp 2024	any 2023
				RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares, at cost: - in Malaysia - outside Malaysia				123,226 1,029	90,226 1,029
			_	124,255	91,255
The details of the subsidiaries	are as follows:-				
Name of Subsidiary	Principal Place of Business/ Country of Incorporation	Issued Capital Par 2024	tage of I Share Held by rent 2023	Principal Activ	rities
		%	%		
Datasonic Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Personalisation cards.	of smart
Datasonic Technologies Sdn. Bhd. ("DTSB")	Malaysia	100	100	Customisation of and hardware sproject manage consultancy, mand research adevelopment a	solutions, ement, anufacturing and
Datasonic Smart Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Research and of and technical of services.	
Datasonic Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. ("DMSB")	Malaysia	100	100	Manufacturing integrated circu commonly kno cards and its reproducts.	uit cards or wn as smart
Amalan Fokus Sdn. 8hd.	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of info technology ser learning, artific solutions, deep other informations.	vices, machine ial intelligence learning, and
Datasonic Innovation Sdn. Bhd. ^	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of bio solution.	metrics
Medicloud Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. ^	Malaysia	100	100	Wholesale of p and medical go	

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 7. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

	Principal Place of Business/ Country of	Percent Issued Capital I Pare	Share Held by	
Name of Subsidiary	Incorporation	2024 %	2023 %	Principal Activities
Datasonic Digital Sdn. Bhd. A	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant.
Datasonic International Sdn. Bhd. ^	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant.
Datasonic New Zealand Limited ("DNZL") ~	New Zealand	100	100	Software development services and computer systems design and related activities.
PT Datasonic Teknologi Indonesia ^ #	Indonesia	100	100	Personalisation of smart cards.
Datasonic Business Technologies Philippines Inc. ("DBTP") @ \$ <	Philippines	40	40	Dormant.
Datasonic Digent Sdn. Bhd. ("DSB") ^	Malaysia	60	60	Dormant.
Held by DMSB				
Constant Ahead Sdn. Bhd. &	Malaysia		100	Dormant.

### Notes:-

- The subsidiary is audited by a member firm of Crowe Global of which Crowe Malaysia PLT is a member.
- ^ These subsidiaries are audited by other firms of chartered accountants.
- No audit is required for this subsidiary under New Zealand Companies Act 1993 as the company satisfied the exemption requirements.
- # 1% held by a wholly-owned subsidiary, DTSB.
- \$ Although the Company owns less than half of the voting power in DBTP, the Company has control over DBTP by virtue of an agreement with other investors of DBTP. Consequently, DBTP is deemed a subsidiary and the Company consolidates its investment in DBTP.
- & The subsidiary has been struck-off from the Registrar of Companies under Section 550 of the Companies Act, 2016 on 18 August 2023.
- The subsidiary is in the process of dissolution under Republic Act No. 11232.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 7. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

- (a) During the current financial year, the Company has subscribed additional 33,000,000 new ordinary shares in DTSB at an issue price of RM1.00 per ordinary share which amounted to RM33,000,000 by capitalising the amount owing to a subsidiary of RM24,700,000 and cash consideration of RM8,300,000.
- (b) The non-controlling interests at the end of the financial year comprise the following:-

	Effective Eq	uity Interest	Gro	oup
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	2024	2023
	%	%	RM'000	RM'000
DBTP	60	60	237	249
DSB	40	40	(4)	(3)

The summarised financial information (before intra-group elimination) for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests is not presented as the non-controlling interests are not material to the Group.

### 8. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Unquoted share, at cost	#	#	-	•
Share of post-acquisition loss	(#)	(#)	<del></del>	-
	-	-		-
			-	

Note:-

# ~ Amount less than RM1,000.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 8. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (CONT'D)

The details of the associate are as follows:-

	Principal Place of Business/ Country of		ctive Interest	Principal Activities
Name of Associate	Incorporation	2024	2023	
Held by DTSB		%	%	
Datasonic Grid Sdn. Bhd. ("DGSB")	Malaysia	25	25	Dormant.

- (a) The share of result in the associate is based on the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.
- (b) The summarised financial information for the associate is not presented as the associate is not material to the Group.
- (c) The Group has not recognised the cumulative loss of DGSB, where its share of loss exceeds the Group's cost of investment. The Group's cumulative share of unrecognised loss at the end of the financial year was approximately RM4,300 (2023 RM3,500) of which approximately RM800 (2023 RM1,000) was the share of the current financial year's loss. The Group has no obligation in respect of this loss.

### 9. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	Gro	Group		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000		
At fair value:-				
Investment in a club membership	350	110		
Unquoted ordinary shares	1,000			
	1,350	110		

The Group considered this investment in unquoted ordinary shares measured at fair value through profit or loss because the Group do not intend to hold it for long-term strategic purposes.

### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 10. GOODWILL

	Group		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
At cost:- At 31 March 2024/2023	4,162	4,162	
Accumulated impairment losses:- At 1 April 2023/2022 Additions (Note 39)	(1,460)		
At 31 March 2024/2023	(1,460)	_	
	2,702	4,162	

The amount of goodwill relates to the manufacturing of cards cash-generating unit. The goodwill arose from the investment in subsidiaries and is reviewed for impairment annually.

The Group has assessed the recoverable amount of goodwill, and recognised an impairment loss of RM1,460,000 during the current financial year. The recoverable amount of the manufacturing of cards cash-generating unit is computed using the value in use approach, and this is derived from the present value of the future cash flows from the cash-generating unit based on the projections of financial budgets approved by management covering a period of 5 years. The key assumptions used in the determination of the recoverable amount are as follows:-

(i)	Budgeted gross margin	Average gross margin achieved in the 5 years immediately before the budgeted period increased for expected efficiency improvements and cost saving measures.
(ii)	Growth rate	Based on the expected projection of the smart card business.
(iii)	Discount rate (pre-tax)	Reflects specific risks relating to the relevant cash-generating unit.

The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future projections in the cash-generating unit and are based on both external sources and internal historical data.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 11. DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE

	Group	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
At cost:- At 31 March 2024/2023	51,807	51,807
Accumulated amortisation:- At 1 April 2023/2022 Amortisation during the financial year (Note 39)	(46,733) (3,852)	(35,226) (11,507)
At 31 March 2024/2023	(50,585)	(46,733)
Accumulated impairment losses:- At 31 March 2024/2023	(1,222)	(1,222)
	<u>.</u>	3,852

The development expenditure consist of direct and related costs for overhead and software solutions incurred in the process of development, and attributable to the Group's customised smart card solutions ("CSCS") reportable segment. Their amortisation charges are recognised in profit or loss under Cost of Sales line item.

In the previous financial year, the Group had assessed the recoverable amount of the development expenditure and determined that no further impairment is required. The recoverable amount is determined using the value in use approach, and this is derived from the present value of the future cash flows from the customised software and hardware systems business computed based on the projections of financial budgets covering a period of 5 years. The key assumptions used in the determination of the recoverable amount are as follows:-

(i)	Budgeted gross margin	Gross margin is the forecasted margin as a percentage of revenue over the five-year projection periods which were determined based on the expectations of market development and, adjusted for market and economic conditions, internal resource efficiency, where applicable.
(ii)	Growth rate	Based on the expected projection of the customised software and hardware systems business.
(iii)	Discount rate (pre-tax)	Reflects specific risks relating to the relevant cash-generating unit.

### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 12. PROJECTS-IN-PROGRESS

	Group		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
At costs:- Technical services Others	1,098 84	1,589 8	
	1,182	1,597	

### 13. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
At costs:- Raw materials	33,833	25,313
Finished goods	3,639	91
Spare parts	4,132	6,042
Consumables	3,732	1,700
Equipment	9,029	9,573
Software	5	5
Goods in transit	4,634	6,556
	59,004	49,280
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(225)	(557)
	58,779	48,723
Allowance for impairment losses:-		
At 1 April 2023/2022	(557)	(822)
Additions		(37)
Write backs	42	214
Write offs	290	88
At 31 March 2024/2023	(225)	(557)
Recognised in profit or loss		
Inventories sold	72,177	58,605
Impairment losses	**	37
Write back of impairment losses	(42)	(214)
Inventories written off	1,796	136
		··

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 14. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Group	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Trade receivables Allowance for impairment losses	164,065 (11,017)	111,069 (10,873)
Accrued income	153,048 15,074	100,196 14,409
	168,122	114,605
Allowance for impairment losses:- At 1 April 2023/2022 Additions (Note 39) Write backs Write offs	(10,873) (174) 30 #	(7,562) (3,572) 53 208
At 31 March 2024/2023	(11,017)	(10,873)

Note:-

# - Amount less than RM1,000.

The Group's normal trade credit terms range from 30 to 90 (2023 - 30 to 90) days. Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

The allowance for impairment losses is made on those trade receivables from those companies which are in serious financial difficulties and which have defaulted on payments.

Accrued income represents revenue earned for work performed and goods delivered but the related invoices have yet to be issued.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 15. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Other receivables	737	1,145	15	12
Allowance for impairment losses	(155)	(155)	-	
	582	990	15	12
Deposits	1,113	930	262	186
Prepayments	5,872	10,584	689	335
	7,567	12,504	966	533

Prepayments consist of downpayment for purchases of materials and machineries.

### 16. AMOUNTS OWING BY/(TO) SUBSIDIARIES

	Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Amounts owing by:- for non-trade balances Allowance for impairment losses	81,813 (4,028)	75,963 (6,103)
	77,785	69,860
Allowance for impairment losses:- At 1 April 2023/2022 Additions (Note 39) Write backs (Note 39)	(6,103) - 2,075	(6,103) -
At 31 March 2024/2023	(4,028)	(6,103)
Amounts owing (to):- for non-trade balances	(66)	(133)

The amounts owing by/(to) subsidiaries represent unsecured payments made on behalf and are interest-free and receivable/(repayable) on demand.

The amounts owing are to be settled in cash or in kind as appropriate.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 17. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

	Group				
	202	24	20	23	
	Carrying Amount RM'000	Market Value RM'000	Carrying Amount RM'000	Market Value RM'000	
Money market funds, at fair value	84,278	84,278	133,092	133,092	
	Com		oany 2023		
	202 Carrying Amount RM'000	Market Value RM'000	Carrying Amount RM'000	Market Value RM'000	
Money market funds, at fair value	4,291	4,291	48,154	48,154	

The money market funds represent investments in highly liquid money market instruments which are redeemable with one (1) day notice at known amounts of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Deposits with licensed banks	6,364	6,399	-	-
Cash and bank balances	22,268	18,148	1,260	562
Short-term investments (Note 17)	84,278	133,092	4,291	48,154
	112,910	157,639	5,551	48,716
Less: Deposits pledged to licensed banks	(6,364)	(6,399)	-	
	106,546	151,240	5,551	48,716

The deposits with licensed banks of the Group at the end of the financial year bore effective interest rates ranging from 1.50% to 3.45% (2023 - 1.40% to 3.45%) per annum. The deposits have maturity periods ranging from 1 to 12 (2023 - 1 to 24) months for the Group.

The deposits have been pledged to licensed banks as securities for banking facilities granted to the Group.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 19. SHARE CAPITAL

	20	24	202	23
Group/Company	Number of Shares '000	Share Capital RM'000	Number of Shares '000	Share Capital RM'000
Issued and Fully Paid-Up				
Ordinary shares At 1 April 2023/2022	2,962,000	261,284	2,962,000	261,284
New shares issued upon exercise of warrant	19	10	~	
At 31 March 2024/2023	2,962,019	261,294	2,962,000	261,284

The holders of ordinary shares (except treasury shares) are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company, and are entitled to one vote per ordinary share at meetings of the Company. The ordinary shares have no par value.

During the financial year, the Company issued 19,000 new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of Warrants 2018/2023 at the exercise price of RM0.545 per share.

The new ordinary shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

### 20. TREASURY SHARES

During the financial year, the Company purchased 36,481,900 (2023 - 32,809,000) of its issued ordinary shares from the open market at an average price of RM0.45 (2023 - RM0.48) per share. The total consideration paid for the purchase was RM16,544,173 (2023 - RM15,835,679) including transaction costs. The ordinary shares purchased are held as treasury shares in accordance with Section 127(6) of the Companies Act 2016 and are presented as a deduction from equity.

Of the total 2,962,019,000 (2023 - 2,962,000,000) issued and fully paid-up ordinary shares at the end of the reporting period, 165,931,900 (2023 - 129,450,000) ordinary shares are held as treasury shares by the Company. The treasury shares are held at a carrying amount of RM78,811,266 (2023 - RM62,267,093).

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 21. MERGER DEFICIT

The merger deficit of RM11,072,000 (2023 - RM11,072,000) resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the investments in subsidiaries and the nominal value of the shares of the Company's subsidiaries upon consolidation under the merger accounting principle.

### 22. FAIR VALUE RESERVE

The fair value reserve of RM240,000 (2023 - RM Nil) represents change in fair value for other investment in club membership.

### 23. FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSLATION RESERVE

The foreign exchange translation reserve arose from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currencies are different from the Group's presentation currency.

### 24. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Secured:-				
Term loans (Note 25)	13,615	17,688	•	_
Term financing (Note 26)	-	496	*	496
Lease liabilities (Note 27)	151	550	-	550
Hire purchase payables (Note 28)	454	-	454	-
	14,220	18,734	454	1,046

### 25. TERM LOANS (SECURED)

	Group		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
Current liabilities (Note 32) Non-current liabilities (Note 24)	4,079 13,615	4,140 17,688	
	17,694	21,828	

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 25. TERM LOANS (SECURED) (CONT'D)

Details of the repayment terms are as follows:-

Term Loan	Number Of Monthly Instalments		Date Of Commencement Of Repayment	Effective Interest Rate		oup outstanding 2023 RM'000
1	144	52	1 January 2015	4.45% (2023 - 4.20%)	1,624	2,167
2	144	86	1 July 2017	4.30% (2023 - 4.05%)	4,856	5,663
3	84	98	5 February 2018	4.30% (2023 - 4.05%)	1,062	2,238
4	120	134	6 July 2020	4.30% (2023 - 4.05%)	10,152	11,760
					17,694	21,828

The term loans above are with floating rates ranging from 4.30% to 4.45% (2023 - 4.05% to 4.20%) per annum.

Term loan 1 is secured by:-

- (a) a legal charge over certain properties of the Group; and
- (b) a corporate guarantee of the Company.

Term loan 2 is secured by:-

- (a) a legal charge over certain properties of the Group; and
- (b) a corporate guarantee of the Company.

Term loan 3 is secured by:-

- (a) a legal charge over certain properties of the Group; and
- (b) a corporate guarantee of the Company.

Term loan 4 is secured by:-

- (a) a legal charge over a property of the Group; and
- (b) a corporate guarantee of the Company.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 26. TERM FINANCING (SECURED)

	Group/Company		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
Current liabilities (Note 32) Non-current liabilities (Note 24)	496	1,447 496	
	496	1,943	

Details of the repayment terms are as follows:-

Term	Number Of Monthly	Monthly Instalment	Date Of Commencement	Effective Interest	Group/Co Amount Ou	
Financing	Instalments	Amount RM'000	Of Repayment	Rate	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
1	120	126	1 July 2014	4.45% (2023 - 4.20%)	496	1,943

Term financing 1 is secured by a legal charge over a property of the Group and of the Company.

### 27. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Gre	oup	Comp	Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
At 1 April 2023/2022 Interest expenses recognised in profit	1,258	-	1,258	-	
or loss (Note 38)	52	14	39	14	
Additions	426	1,430	-	1,430	
Repayment of principal	(821)	(172)	(707)	(172)	
Repayment of interest expenses	(52)	(14)	(39)	(14)	
At 31 March 2024/2023	863	1,258	551	1,258	
Represented by:-					
Current liabilities (Note 32)	712	708	551	708	
Non-current liabilities (Note 24)	151	550		550	
	863	1,258	551	1,258	

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 28. HIRE PURCHASE PAYABLES (SECURED)

	Group/Company		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
Minimum hire purchase payables: - not later than 1 year	135	•	
<ul> <li>later than 1 year and not later than 5 years</li> </ul>	482	*	
	617	<u>.</u>	
Less: Future finance charges	(46)		
Present value of hire purchase payables	571	-	
Analysed by:-			
Current liabilities (Note 32)	117	-	
Non-current liabilities (Note 24)	454		
	571		

The hire purchase payable bore an effective interest rate of 3.39% (2023 - Nil) per annum at the end of the financial year.

### 29. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Group		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
At 1 April 2023/2022 Recognised in profit or loss (Note 40)	5,183 (491)	4,334 849	
At 31 March 2024/2023	4,692	5,183	

The deferred tax liabilities recognised in the financial statements consist of the tax effects of temporary differences arising from the following item:-

	Group		
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
Deferred Tax Liabilities			
Accelerated capital allowances	4,692	5,183	

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 29. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

At the end of the reporting period, the amounts of deferred tax assets not recognised (stated at gross) due to uncertainty of their realisation are as follows:-

	Gr	Group		npany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Unabsorbed capital allowances Unutilised tax losses	- 5,463	2,135 6,308	<u>.</u>	_
Excess/(Accelerated) of capital allowances over depreciation	647	(262)	1,971	2,297
Provisions	5,830	2,159	1,564	1,346
	11,940	10,340	3,535	3,643

### 30. TRADE PAYABLES

	Gro	oup
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Trade payables	14,987	19,457

The normal trade credit terms granted to the Group range from 30 to 90 (2023 - 30 to 90) days.

### 31. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	Gro	Group		pany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Other payables	1,725	2,272	225	73
Deferred income	1,568	1,524	-	
Provisions	7,993	7,387	1,654	1,417
Accruals	2,704	4,496	195	146
	13,990	15,679	2,074	1,636

Accruals consist of cost for goods or services and subcontracting services.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 32. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

	Group		Comp	any
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Secured:-				
Term loans (Note 25)	4,079	4,140	••	-
Term financing (Note 26)	496	1,447	496	1,447
Trade financing	40,196	34,307	м	-
Lease liabilities (Note 27)	712	708	551	708
Hire purchase payables (Note 28)	117		117	-
_	45,600	40,602	1,164	2,155

The trade financing bore effective interest rates ranging from 5.20% to 5.82% (2023 - 3.94% to 5.98%) per annum and are secured by a corporate guarantee of the Company. Certain trade financing is secured by a legal charge over a property of the Group and of the Company.

### 33. NET ASSETS PER SHARE

The net assets per share of the Group is calculated based on the net asset value at the end of the financial year of approximately RM367,041,000 (2023 - RM360,144,000) divided by the number of ordinary shares (net of treasury shares of 165,931,900 (2023 - 129,450,000) at the end of the financial year of 2,796,087,100 (2023 - 2,832,550,000).

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 34. DIVIDENDS

	Sen Per Share	Group/0 2024 RM'000	Company Sen Per Share	2023 RM'000
In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2022:				
<ul> <li>Fourth interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 31 May 2022 and paid on 1 July 2022</li> </ul>	-	-	0.25	7,161
In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2023:				
<ul> <li>First interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 30 August 2022 and paid on 28 October 2022</li> </ul>	-	-	0.25	7,138
<ul> <li>Second interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 30 November 2022 and paid on 29 December 2022</li> </ul>	-	-	0.50	14,163
<ul> <li>Third interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 27 February 2023 and paid on 23 March 2023</li> </ul>	-	-	0.50	14,163
<ul> <li>Fourth interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 26 May 2023 and paid on 4 July 2023</li> </ul>	0.75	21,231		-
In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2024:				
<ul> <li>First interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 30 August 2023 and paid on 4 October 2023</li> </ul>	0.60	16,889	-	-
<ul> <li>Second interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 30 November 2023 and paid on 29 December 2023</li> </ul>	0.60	16,853	-	-
<ul> <li>Third interim single tier tax-exempt dividend declared on 29 February 2024 and paid on 29 March 2024</li> </ul>	0.50	13,983		-
	-	68,956	 	42,625

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 34. DIVIDENDS (CONT'D)

In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2024, the Directors had on 30 May 2024 declared a fourth interim single tier tax-exempt dividend of 1.30 sen per share, the Entitlement Date is 18 June 2024 and payable on 2 July 2024. This dividend has not been reflected in the financial statements for the current financial year but it will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained profits for the financial year ending 31 March 2025.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

### 35. REVENUE

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Sales of goods and services Management service fee Dividend income from subsidiaries	368,309 	344,705 -	25,959	19,908
	269 200	244 705	84,500  110,459	56,000
	368,309	344,705	110,409	75,908

Details of revenue are disclosed in Note 46 to the financial statements.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 36. OTHER INCOME

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Interest income on financial assets:				
- at amortised cost	988	361	968	207
Rental income	-	-	1,490	1,486
Fair value gain on short-term				
investments	3,042	3,586	985	1,753
Sundries	19	78	8	2
	4,049	4,025	3,451	3,448

### 37. STAFF COSTS

	Group		Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Salaries and other benefits	57,167	47,608	11,250	9,230
Defined contribution plan	7,248	5,317	1,388	1,027
	64,415	52,925	12,638	10,257

### 38, FINANCE COSTS

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Interest expense on financial liabilities at amortised cost Interest expense on lease	3,166	1,645	60	96
liabilities (Note 27)	52	14	39	14
	3,218	1,659	99	110

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

39.	PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	Group Company			
		2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
	Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):-				
	Auditors' remuneration: - Auditor of the Company	279	234	58	52
	- Member firm of the auditors of the	219	234	56	52
	Company	4	23	•	-
	- Other auditors	23	10	<b>*</b>	***
	Directors' remuneration (Note 43)	4,122	3,224	3,950	3,188
	Amount owing by a subsidiary:			(0.075)	
	- Written back - Allowance for impairment loss	<i>-</i>	<u>.</u>	(2,075)	6,103
	, in the second				-,
	Amortisation of development expenditure (Note 11)	3,852	11,507	-	_
	Depresiation of right of use assets				
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 6)	1,087	419	920	371
	Fair value gain on short-term				
	investments	(3,042)	(3,586)	(985)	(1,753)
	Goodwill (Note 10):				
	- Allowance for impairment loss	1,460	-	-	-
	Inventories (Note 13):				
	- Allowance for impairment loss	-	37	-	-
	- Written back	(42)	(214)	-	-
	- Written off	1,796	136	-	-
	Loss/(Gain) on foreign exchange:				
	- Realised	735	797	7	1
	- Unrealised	(62)	(272)	(4)	(4)
	Property, plant and equipment (Note 5):				
	- Depreciation	22,786	24,899	1,179	1,084
	- Written off	175	2	6	1 (46)
	- Gain on disposal	(38)	(46)	(38)	(46)
	Trade receivables (Note 14):		_		
	- Allowance for impairment loss	174	3,572	-	-
	- Written back	(30)	(53)	-	-

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 39. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (CONT'D)

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting) (Cont'd):-				
Staff costs (Note 37)	64,415	52,925	12,638	10,257
Lease expenses: - Short-term leases - Low-value assets	354 171	623 86	44 24	560 24

### 40. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	Gr	oup	Com	oany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Income tax expense: - for the financial year	31,186	30,881	350	431
<ul> <li>(over)/underprovision in the previous financial years</li> </ul>	(451)	108	(68)	41
	30,735	30,989	282	472
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 29):				
- for the financial year	(879)	622	-	-
financial years	388	227	-	-
	(491)	849	-	4
	30,244	31,838	282	472
- underprovision in the previous	388 (491)	227 849	- 282	472

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 40. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

A reconciliation of the income tax expense applicable to the profit before taxation at the statutory tax rate to the income tax expense at the effective tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:-

	Group		Comp	npany	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	
Profit before taxation	122,476	108,183	84,764	49,451	
Tax at the statutory tax					
rate of 24%	29,394	25,964	20,343	11,868	
Tax effects of:-					
Non-deductible expenses	2,721	1,894	717	2,292	
Non-taxable income	(1,241)	(984)	(20,684)	(13,861)	
Effect of reinvestment					
allowance	(1,018)	(616)	~	-	
Income tax exempted from					
tax due to pioneer status	~	(707)	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities					
recognised due to expiration		E 027			
of pioneer status	-	5,037	<b>*</b>	-	
Deferred tax asset not					
recognised during the financial year	1,042	720	_	132	
Utilisation of deferred tax assets	1,042	720		102	
previously not recognised	(658)	_	(26)	_	
Effects of differential in tax rates	(000)		()		
of subsidiaries	67	195	*	-	
(Over)/Underprovision in the					
previous financial years:					
- current taxation	(451)	108	(68)	41	
<ul> <li>deferred taxation</li> </ul>	388	227	-	-	
			<del></del>		
Income tax expense for the		24.222	222	477	
financial year	30,244	31,838	282	472	

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2023 - 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the financial year. The taxation of other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 41. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Group	
	2024	2023
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000)	92,256	76,367
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	2,816,287	2,850,789
Basic earnings per share (sen)	3.28	2.68
Diluted earnings per share (sen)	3.28	2.68

The diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share because there were no potential ordinary shares as at the end of the reporting period.

### 42. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) The cash disbursed for the purchase of property, plant and equipment and the addition of right-ofuse assets is as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment				
Cost of property, plant and equipment purchased (Note 5) Less: Acquired through hire purchase	17,127	3,868	1,698	137
arrangements	(617)	<b>~</b>	(617)	-
	16,510	3,868	1,081	137
Right-of-use assets				
Cost of right-of-use assets acquired (Note 6) Less: Addition of new lease liabilities	426 (426)	1,430 (1,430)	<del>-</del> -	1,430 (1,430)
	-	-	-	

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 42. CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(b) The reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities are as follows:-

Group	Term Loans RM'000	Term Financing RM'000	Lease Liabilities RM'000	Trade Financing RM'000	Hire Purchase RM'000	Total RM'000
2024						
At 1 April 2023	21,828	1,943	1,258	34,307	-	59,336
Changes in Financing Cash Flows Proceeds from drawdown	-		_	86,205	-	86,205
Repayment of borrowing principal	(4,134)	(1,447)	(821)	(80,316)	(46)	(86,764)
	(4,134)	(1,447)	(821)	5,889	(46)	(559)
Other Changes Acquisition of new lease Acquisition of motor vehicle	-	-	426 - 426	-	- 617 617	426 617 1,043
	-	-		40.400		
At 31 March 2024	17,694	496	863	40,196	571	59,820
2023						
At 1 April 2022	25,936	3,337	•	3,425	-	32,698
Changes in Financing Cash Flows Proceeds from drawdown	-	<del>-</del>	_	39,116	-	39,116
Repayment of borrowing principal	(4,108)	(1,394)	(172)	(8,234)		(13,908)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(4,108)	(1,394)	(172)	30,882	_	25,208
Other Changes						
Acquisition of new lease	-	-	1,430	_	-	1,430
,	<del></del>	<u>.</u>	1,430	_	-	1,430
At 31 March 2023	21,828	1,943	1,258	34,307	4	59,336

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 42. CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(b) The reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities are as follows (Cont'd):-

Company	Term Financing RM'000	Lease Liabilities RM'000	Hire Purchase RM'000	Total RM'000
2024				
At 1 April 2023	1,943	1,258	-	3,201
Changes in Financing Cash Flows				
Repayment of borrowing principal	(1,447)	(707)	(46)	(2,200)
	(1,447)	(707)	(46)	(2,200)
Other Changes Acquisition of motor vehicle	•		617	617
·		_	617	617
At 31 March 2024	496	551	571	1,618
2023				
At 1 April 2022	3,337	#	-	3,337
Changes in Financing Cash Flows	,			
Repayment of borrowing principal	(1,394)	(172)	<u>.</u>	(1,566)
	(1,394)	(172)	<del></del>	(1,566)
Other Changes				
Acquisition of new lease	-	1,430		1,430
	-	1,430	<b>~</b>	1,430
At 31 March 2023	1,943	1,258	<b>4</b>	3,201

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 42. CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(c) The total cash outflows for leases as a lessee are as follows:-

	Gro	oup	Con	npany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Interest paid on lease liabilities	52	14	39	14
Payment of lease liabilities	821	172	707	172
Payment of short-term leases	354	623	44	560
Payment of low-value assets	171	86	24	24
	1,398	895	814	770

### 43. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' remuneration during the financial year are as follows:-

	Gro	up	Com	oany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Directors of the Company				
Executive:	(10000110701107011070110701107011070110			
<ul><li>salaries and bonus</li><li>defined contribution benefits</li></ul>	2,703 414	1,915 202	2,703 414	1,915 202
	3,117	2,117	3,117	2,117
Non-executive: - fees - allowances	899 106 1,005 4,122	981 126 1,107 3,224	727 106 833 3,950	945 126 1,071 3,188
Directors of the Subsidiaries		WARRANT COMPANY	<u> </u>	<del></del>
Executive:				
<ul> <li>salaries and bonus</li> <li>defined contribution benefits</li> </ul>	2,187 137	2,484 138	-	
	2,324	2,622	*4	<u>.</u>
	6,446	5,846	3,950	3,188

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 43. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONT'D)

	Gre 2024 RM'000	oup 2023 RM'000	Com <sub>l</sub> 2024 RM'000	oany 2023 RM'000
Analysis excluding benefits-in-kind:-				
Total executive directors' salaries and bonus	5,441	4,739	3,117	2,117
Total non-executive directors: - fees - allowances	899 106	981 126	727 106	945 126
	1,005	1,107	833	1,071
Total directors' remuneration excluding benefits-in-kind	6,446	5,846	3,950	3,188

### 44. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

No provisions are recognised on the following matters as it is not probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required or the amount is not capable of reliable measurement:-

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Performance guarantees extended				
to customers	18,476	17,052	18,476	17,052

### 45. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

### (a) Subsidiaries

The subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 45. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONT'D)

### (b) Significant Related Party Transactions and Balances

The transactions of the Company with its related parties are as follows:-

	Com	pany
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Subsidiaries		
Management service fees	25,959	19,908
Consultancy fee	695	510
Dividend income	84,500	56,000
Equipment transferred from	13	~
Equipment transferred to	1	2
Rental income	1,490	1,486

Other than dividend income, related party transactions were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions are made only if such terms can be substantiated.

### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Operating segments are prepared in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision makers in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance. For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on the products and services provided.

The Group is organised into three main reportable segments as follows:-

Customised smart card solutions ("CSCS") - provision of large scale customised software and hardware systems for secure ID, total smart card solutions and ICT project management.

Manufacturing ("MA") - manufacturing of cards and booklets.

Investment holding ("IH") - investment holding and provision of management services to the group of companies.

- (a) The chief operating decision makers assess the performance of the reportable segments based on their profit before interest expense and taxation. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies.
- (b) Each reportable segment assets is measured based on all assets (including goodwill) of the segment other than the tax-related assets.
- (c) Each reportable segment liabilities is measured based on all liabilities of the segment other than the borrowings and the tax-related liabilities.

Transactions between reportable segments are carried out on agreed terms and such inter-segment transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

### **BUSINESS SEGMENTS**

	CSCS RM'000	MA RM'000	IH RM'000	Group RM'000
2024				
Revenue				
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	301,510 7,602	66,799 30,350	- 110,459	368,309 148,411
	309,112	97,149	110,459	516,720
Consolidation adjustments				(148,411)
Consolidated revenue				368,309
Represented by:- Revenue recognised at a point of time - Sales of goods and software solutions - Management service fees - Dividend income	280,255 -	97,149 - -	- 25,959 84,500	377,404 25,959 84,500
Revenue recognised over time - Sales of services	28,857	-	-	28,857
	309,112	97,149	110,459	516,720
Consolidation adjustments	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			(148,411)
Consolidated revenue				368,309
Results				
Segment profit before interest expense and taxation Finance costs Consolidation adjustments	99,541	30,205	84,863	214,609 (3,218) (88,915)
Consolidated profit before taxation				122,476
Segment profit before interest expense and taxation includes the following:- Gain on disposal of plant and equipment Interest income	- 20	- -	38 968	38 988
Write back of impairment losses on: - trade receivables - inventories	30 42		-	30 42
				Page 91

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

	CSCS RM'000	MA RM'000	IH RM'000	Group RM'000
Segment profit before interest expense and taxation includes the following (Cont'd):-				
Allowance for impairment losses on: - trade receivables - goodwill Fair value gain on short term	(174)	-	-	(174) (1,460)
investments Inventories written off Amortisation of development	2,057 (1,047)	- (749)	985 -	3,042 (1,796)
expenditure  Depreciation of property, plant and	(3,852)	-	•	(3,852)
equipment  Depreciation of right-of-use assets  Unrealised foreign exchange gain/(loss)  Property, plant and equipment written off	(14,969) (167) 85 (169)	(6,638) (19) -	(1,179) (920) (4) (6)	(22,786) (1,087) 62 (175)
2024	CSCS RM'000	MA RM'000	(H RM'000	Group RM'000
2024 Assets				
Assets Segment assets Unallocated assets: - deposits with licensed banks - cash and bank balances	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	763,548 6,364 22,268
Assets  Segment assets Unallocated assets: - deposits with licensed banks - cash and bank balances Consolidation adjustments	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	763,548 6,364 22,268 (323,900)
Assets  Segment assets Unallocated assets: - deposits with licensed banks - cash and bank balances Consolidation adjustments  Consolidated total assets  Addition to non-current assets other	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	763,548 6,364 22,268 (323,900)

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

	CSCS RM'000	MA RM'000	I <del>H</del> RM'000	Group RM'000
2024				
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities: - deferred tax liabilities - hire purchase payables - lease liabilities - provision for taxation Consolidation adjustments	82,481	209,407	2,636	294,524 4,692 571 863 7,517 (207,161)
Consolidated total liabilities			_	101,006
2023	CSCS RM'000	MA RM'000	iH RM'000	Group RM'000
Revenue				
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	293,968 6,721	50,737 20,690	75,908	344,705 103,319
	300,689	71,427	75,908	448,024
Consolidation adjustments				(103,319)
Consolidated revenue				344,705
Represented by:- Revenue recognised at a point of time - Sales of goods and software solutions - Management service fees - Dividend income	276,921 - -	71,427 - -	- 19,908 56,000	348,348 19,908 56,000
Revenue recognised over time - Sales of services	23,768	~	_	23,768
	300,689	71,427	75,908	448,024
Consolidation adjustments				(103,319)
Consolidated revenue				344,705

### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

	CSCS RM'000	MA RM'000	IH RM'000	Group RM'000
Results				
Segment profit before interest expense and taxation Finance costs Consolidation adjustments	113,866	19,853	49,563	183,282 (1,659) (73,440)
Consolidated profit before taxation				108,183
Segment profit before interest expense and taxation includes the following:-				
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment	<b></b>	-	46	46
Interest income	154	-	207	361
Write back of impairment losses on:	53			53
- trade receivables - inventories	214	-	-	214
Allowance for impairment losses on:	214	-	_	214
- trade receivables	(3,572)	-	<b>*</b>	(3,572)
- inventories	(37)	-	*	(37)
Fair value gain on:	\- /			` ,
- short term investments	1,833	-	1,753	3,586
Inventories written off	(136)	-	-	(136)
Amortisation of development				
expenditure	(11,507)	-	-	(11,507)
Depreciation of property, plant and	(0.4.707)	(0.040)	(4.004)	(0.4.000)
equipment	(21,797)	(2,018)	(1,084)	(24,899)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	(48)	- /EE\	(371)	(419)
Unrealised foreign exchange gain/(loss) Property, plant and equipment written off	331 (1)	(55) -	(4) (1)	272 (2)

### DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

	CSCS RM'000	MA RM'000	IH RM'000	Group RM'000
2023				
Assets				
Segment assets Unallocated assets: - deposits with licensed banks - cash and bank balances Consolidation adjustments  Consolidated total assets	377,357	89,164	225,399	691,920 6,399 18,148 (251,105) 465,362
Addition to non-current assets other than financial instruments is:-				
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use asset	2,244 -	1,487 -	137 1,430	3,868 1,430
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities: - deferred tax liabilities - lease liabilities - provision for taxation Consolidation adjustments	220,467	40,985	3,712	265,164 5,183 1,258 5,317 (171,950)
Consolidated total liabilities				104,972

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 46. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

### **GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION**

No information is presented on the basis of geographical segment as the Group operates primarily in Malaysia during the financial year.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS**

The following are major customers with revenue equal to or more than 10% of the Group's total revenue:-

	Reve	enue	Segment
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	-
Customer #1	249,503	226,025	CSCS, MA
Customer #2	67,102	52,427	cscs

### 47. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	Gr	oup	Comp	any
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Renovation	30	351	-	327
Acquisition of machineries and equipment	133	1,596	18	70
	163	1,947	18	397

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 48. FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

The applicable closing foreign exchange rates used (expressed on the basis of one unit of foreign currency to RM equivalent) for the translation of foreign currency balances at the end of the financial year were as follows:-

2024	2023
RM	RM
4.72	4.41
2.90	2.76
5.09	4.81
3.50	3.32
2.98	3.03
5.96	5.46
0.08	0.08
0.03	N/A
	4.72 2.90 5.09 3.50 2.98 5.96 0.08

Note:-

N/A - Not applicable.

### 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's activities are exposed to a variety of market risks (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

### 49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Group's policies in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are as follows:-

### (a) Market Risk

### (i) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on transactions and balances that are denominated in currencies other than the respective functional currencies of entities within the Group. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollar, Euro, Japanese Yen and Great Britain Pound. Foreign currency risk is monitored closely on an ongoing basis to ensure that the net exposure is at an acceptable level. The Group also holds cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies for working capital purposes.

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

### (i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk (a currency other than the functional currency of the entities within the Group) based on the carrying amounts of the financial instruments at the end of the financial year is summarised below:-

Foreign Currency Exposure

Group	USD RM'000	NZD RM'000	YEN RM'000	EUR RM'000	SGD RM'000	IDR RM'000	GBP RM'000	PHP RM*000	RM'000	Total RM'000
2024										
Financial Assets										
Other investments	1	•	•	,	1	,	ł	,	1,350	1,350
Trade receivables (1)	i	٠	,	;		15	t	ı	153,033	153,048
Other receivables and deposits	,	2	1	•		109	ı	317	1,267	1,695
Short-term investments	•	•			ŧ	ı	•	ı	84,278	84,278
Deposits with licensed banks	1	ı			ı	ı	ı	•	6,364	6,364
Cash and bank balances	44	34		12	<del>****</del>	273	***	1	21,903	22,268
	44	36	t	12	*	397	-	317	268,195	269,003

## **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD** (Incorporated in Malaysia)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) <del>4</del>9

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

Foreign Currency Risk (Conf'd) Ξ

Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)

Group	USD RM*000	NZD RM'000	YEN RM'000	EUR RM'000	SGD RM'000	IDR RM'000	GBP RM'000	PHP RM'000	RM RM'000	Total RM'000
2024										
Financial Liabilities										
Frade payables	6,111	,	69	4,676	•	7	1,979	•	2,141	14,987
Other payables and accruals (2)	ı	,	•	•	•	210	,	9	11,171	11,387
Hire purchase payables	1		ŧ	,	,		,	,	571	571
Frade financing	•	•		1	,			•	40,196	40,196
Ferm financing	1	,	ł	,	,		•	ŧ	496	496
Ferm foans	1	1		•	•	ŧ	,	1	17,694	17,694
	6,111	,	69	4,676	1	221	1,979	9	72,269	85,331

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) 49.

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

Market Risk (Cont'd) (a) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd) € Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)

USD Group RM'000									
	NZD RM'000	YEN RM'000	EUR RM'000	SGD RM'000	IDR RM'000	GBP RM'000	PHP RM'000	RM RM'000	Total RM'000
2024									
Net financial (liabilities)/assets (6,067)	36	(69)	(4,664)	<del></del>	176	(1,978)	311	195,926	183,672
Less: Net financial (assets) denominated in the respective entities' functional currency	(36)	t	t	•	(176)	ı	(311)	(195,926)	(196,449)
Currency exposure (6,067)	-	(69)	(69) (4,664)	1	,	(1,978)		Ŀ	(12,777)

Notes:-⑴ - The trade receivables exclude accrued income. ⑵ - The other payables and accruals exclude deferred income, value-added tax payable and sales and service tax payable.

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)

Group	USD RM'000	NZD RM'000	EUR RM'000	SGD RM'000	IDR RM'000	GBP RM'000	PHP RM'000	RM RM'000	Total RM'000
2023									
Financial Assets								,	4
Other investment	•		ı	•			ı	110	110
Frade receivables (1)	1	1	,	1	1,557	ı	ı	98,639	100,196
Other receivables and deposits	•	_	•		27	ı	305	1,587	1,920
Short-term investments	•	•			ı	,	t	133,092	133,092
Deposits with licensed banks	•		•		ı	1	ı	6,399	6,399
Cash and bank balances	137	22	_	<b>-</b>	1,352	<b>4</b> ····	1	16,634	18,148
	137	23	-	-	2,936	<b>4</b>	305	256,461	259,865

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)

Group	USD RM'000	NZD RM'000	EUR RM'000	SGD RM'000	IDR RM'000	GBP RM'000	PHP RM'000	RM'000	Total RM'000
2023									
Financial Liabilities									
Trade payables	6,943	1	3,100	•		4,033		5,381	19,457
Other payables and accruals (2)	•	ı	1	ı	88	ı	12	12,896	12,946
Trade financing	t	ı	1	,		ı	1	34,307	34,307
Term financing	t	i	,	•	ı	,	,	1,943	1,943
Term loans	•	1	ı	ı		•		21,828	21,828
	6,943	-	3,100	,	38	4,033	12	76,355	90,481

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) 49.

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

Market Risk (Cont'd) <u>(a)</u> Foreign Currency Risk (Conf'd)  $\equiv$ 

Foreign Currency Exposure (Cont'd)	9	2	į	Ċ	ğ	0	2	2	F
Group	USD RM'000	N2D RM'000	RM*000	SGD RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2023									
Net financial (liabilities)/assets	(6,806)	23	(3,099)	4	2,898	(4,032)	293	180,106	169,384
Less: Net financial (assets) denominated in the respective entities' functional currency	•	(23)	ı	ı	(2,898)	ı	(293)	(293) (180,106) (183,320)	(183,320)
Currency exposure	(6,806)	'   '	(3,099)	_		(4,032)			(13,936)

Notes:-(¹) - The trade receivables exclude accrued income. (²) - The other payables and accruals exclude deferred income, value-added tax payable and sales and service tax payable.

### **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

### 49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

### (i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is limited as foreign currency balances at the end of the reporting period are not significant.

Foreign Currency Risk Sensitivity Analysis

The following table details the sensitivity analysis to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currencies at the end of the financial year, with all other variables held constant:-

	Group	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Effects on Profit After Taxation		
USD/RM: - strengthened by 5% - weakened by 5%	(231) 231	(259) 259
YEN/RM: - strengthened by 5% - weakened by 5%	(3) 3	<u>-</u> -
EUR/RM: - strengthened by 5% - weakened by 5%	(177) 177	(118) 118
SGD/RM: - strengthened by 5% - weakened by 5%	# (#)	# (#)
GBP/RM: - strengthened by 5% - weakened by 5%	(75) 75	(153) 153

Notes:-

# - Amount less than RM1,000.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

### 49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

### (ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises mainly from long-term borrowings with variable rates. The Group's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available and by maintaining a balanced portfolio of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The Group's fixed rate deposits and borrowings are carried at amortised cost. Therefore, they are not subject to interest rate risk as defined in MFRS 7 since neither the carrying amounts nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk based on the carrying amounts of the financial instruments at the end of the financial year is disclosed in Notes 24, 25, 26 and 32 to the financial statements.

Interest Rate Risk Sensitivity Analysis

The following table details the sensitivity analysis to a reasonably possible change in the interest rates at the end of the financial year, with all other variables held constant:-

	Group		Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Effects on Profit After Taxation				
Increase of 100 bp	(444)	(441)	(4)	(15)
Decrease of 100 bp	444	441	4	15

### (iii) Equity Price Risk

The Group and the Company do not have any quoted investments and hence, is not exposed to equity price risk.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

### 49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

### (b) Credit Risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, arises mainly from trade and other receivables. The Group manages its exposure to credit risk by the application of credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures on an ongoing basis. For other financial assets (including cash and bank balances), the Group minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from loans and advances to subsidiaries. The Company monitors the results of these subsidiaries regularly and repayments made by the subsidiaries.

### (i) Credit Risk Concentration Profile

The Group's major concentration of credit risk relates to the amounts owing by two (2) customers (2023 - three (3) customers) which constituted approximately 95% (2023 - 96%) of its trade receivables (excluding accrued income) at the end of the financial year.

### (ii) Maximum Exposure to Credit Risk

At the end of the financial year, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position of the Group and of the Company after deducting any allowance for impairment losses (where applicable).

In addition, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk also includes corporate guarantees provided to its subsidiaries of approximately RM57,888,000 (2023 - RM56,133,000), representing the outstanding banking facilities of the subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period. These corporate guarantees have not been recognised in the Company's financial statements since their fair values on initial recognition were not material.

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## 49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

## (iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether any of financial assets at amortised cost are credit impaired.

The gross carrying amounts of those financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery (i.e. the debtor does not have assets or sources of income to generate sufficient cash flows to repay the debt) despite the fact that they are still subject to enforcement activities.

### Trade Receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The Group considers any receivables having financial difficulty or with significant balances outstanding past due and more than 365 days are deemed credit impaired.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 12 months from the measurement date and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle their debts.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

## (iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

Trade Receivables (Cont'd)

The information about the exposure to credit risk and the loss allowances calculated under MFRS 9 for trade receivables (excluding accrued income) is summarised below:-

Group	Gross Amount RM'000	Lifetime Loss Allowance RM'000	Collective Impairment RM'000	Carrying Value RM'000
2024				
Current (not past due)	37,657	-	(68)	37,589
Past due:				
- 31 to 60 days	17,596	<u></u>	(71)	17,525
- 61 to 90 days	29,433	-	(69)	29,364
- over 90 days	69,269	-	(699)	68,570
	116,298	-	(839)	115,459
	153,955	-	(907)	153,048
Credit impaired:				
- individually impaired	10,110	(10,110)	<b>-</b>	-
	164,065	(10,110)	(907)	153,048
,				

## **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## 49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

## (iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

The information about the exposure to credit risk and the loss allowances calculated under MFRS 9 for trade receivables (excluding accrued income) is summarised below (Cont'd):-

Trade Receivables (Cont'd)

Group	Gross Amount RM'000	Lifetime Loss Allowance RM'000	Collective Impairment RM'000	Carrying Value RM'000
2023	71117 000	, , , , , , ,	1, 000	
2023				
Current (not past due)	35,179	-	(68)	35,111
Past due:				
- 31 to 60 days	25,080		(71)	25,009
- 61 to 90 days	17,589	_	(69)	17,520
- over 90 days	23,255	-	(699)	22,556
	65,924		(839)	65,085
	101,103	-	(907)	100,196
Credit impaired:				
- individually impaired	9,966	(9,966)	-	-
	111,069	(9,966)	(907)	100,196
•				

The movements in the loss allowances in respect of trade receivables are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

## Other Receivables

Other receivables are also subject to the impairment requirements of MFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

Deposits with Licensed Banks, Cash and Bank Balances

The Group considers these banks and financial institutions have low credit risks. Therefore, the Group is of the view that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

Amount Owing By Subsidiaries

The Company applies the general approach to measuring expected credit losses for all intercompany balances. Generally, the Company considers loans and advances to subsidiaries have low credit risks. The Company assumes that there is a significant increase in credit risk when a subsidiary's financial position deteriorates significantly. As the Company is able to determine the timing of payments of the subsidiaries' loans and advances when they are payable, the Company considers the loans and advances to be in default when the subsidiaries are not able to pay when demanded. The Company considers a subsidiary's loan or advance to be credit impaired when the subsidiary is unlikely to repay its loan or advance in full or the subsidiary is continuously loss making or the subsidiary is having a deficit in its total equity.

The Company determines the probability of default for these loans and advances individually using internal information available.

The exposure to credit risk and the loss allowances calculated under MFRS 9 for amount owing by subsidiaries is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

## (c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises mainly from general funding and business activities. The Group practises prudent risk management by maintaining sufficient cash balances and the availability of funding through certain committed credit facilities.

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

Maturity Analysis

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the financial year based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the financial year):-

Over 5 Years RM'000		•	•	1	•	2,212		ì	2,212
1 - 5 Years RM'000		ι	1	ŧ	1	12,660	156	482	13,298
Within 1 Year RM'000		14,987	11,387	40,949	501	4,753	732	135	73,444
Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM'000		14,987	11,387	40,949	501	19,625	888	617	88,954
Carrying Amount RM'000		14,987	11,387	40,196	496	17,694	863	571	86,194
Contractual Interest Rates %		t	•	5.20 to 5.82	4.45	4.30 to 4.45	4.20 to 4.45	3.39	
Group	2024	Non-derivative Financial Liabilities Trade payables	Other payables and accruats (1)	Trade financing	Term financing	Term loans	Lease liabilities	Hire purchase payables	

Note:

(1) - The other payables and accruals exclude deferred income, value-added tax payable and sales and service tax payable.

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## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) <del>6</del>

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)  Maturity Analysis (Cont'd)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial fiabilities at the end of the financial year based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the financial year) (Cont'd):-

	Contractual Interest Rates	Carrying Amount	Contractual Undiscounted	Within 1 Year	1-5 Xears	Over 5 Years
Group	%	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2023						
Non-derivative Financial Liabilities						
Trade payables	•	19,457	19,457	19,457	•	•
Other payables and accruais (1)	•	12,946	12,946	12,946	ı	1
Trade financing	3.94 to 5.98	34,307	35,037	35,037	1	1
Term financing	4.20	1,943	2,001	1,501	200	,
Term loans	4.05 to 4.20	21,828	24,735	4,981	14,552	5,202
Lease liabilities	4.20	1,258	1,307	747	260	,
	I	91,739	95,483	74,669	15,612	5,202
7.7	•					

Note:-(1) - The other payables and accruals exclude deferred income, value-added tax payable and sales and service tax payable.

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

Maturity Analysis (Cont'd)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the financial year based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the financial year) (Cont'd):-

Company	Contractual Interest Rates %	Carrying Amount RM'000	Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM'000	Within 1 Year RM*000	1 - 5 Years RM'000	Over 5 Years RM'000
2024						
Non-derivative Financial Liabilities						
Other payables and accruals (1)	,	2,074	2,074	2,074	1	,
Amounts owing to subsidiaries	+	99	99	99	1	ı
Term financing	4.45	496	501	501	1	,
Lease liabilities	4.20	551	560	560	ŧ	,
Hire purchase payables	3.39	571	617	135	482	
Financial guarantee contracts in relation to corporate						
guarantee given to certain subsidiaries	,	1	57,888	57,888	•	
	I	3,758	61,706	61,224	482	
	•					

Note:-

(1) - The other payables and accruals exclude deferred income, value-added tax payable and sales and service tax payable.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

# 49.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

Maturity Analysis (Cont'd)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the financial year based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the financial year) (Cont'd):-

Company	Contractual Interest Rates %	Carrying Amount RM'000	Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM'000	Within 1 Year RM'000	1 - 5 Years RM'000	Over 5 Years RM'000
2023						
Non-derivative Financial Liabilities						
Other payables and accruals (1)	,	1,636	1,636	1,636	1	ı
Amounts owing to subsidiaries	•	133	133	133	•	•
Term financing	4.20	1,943	2,001	1,501	200	•
Lease liabilities	4.20	1,258	1,307	747	560	•
Financial guarantee contracts in relation to corporate						
guarantee given to certain subsidiaries	ŧ	1	56,133	56,133	1	ı
	1	4,970	61,210	60,150	1,060	
	I					

Note:-

(1) - The other payables and accruals exclude deferred income, value-added tax payable and sales and service tax payable.

## **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## 49.2 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities within the Group will be able to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to support its businesses and maximise shareholders value. To achieve this objective, the Group may make adjustments to the capital structure in view of changes in economic conditions, such as adjusting the amount of dividend payment, returning of capital to shareholders or issuing new shares.

The Group manages its capital based on debt-to-equity ratio that complies with debt covenants and regulatory requirements, if any. The debt-to-equity ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total equity. The Group includes within total borrowings, loans and borrowings from financial institutions. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners of the parent and non-controlling interest. The debt-to-equity ratio of the Group at the end of the financial year is as follows:-

	Gro	up
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Trade financing (Note 32) Term financing (Note 26) Term loans (Note 25) Lease liabilities (Note 27)	40,196 496 17,694 863	34,307 1,943 21,828 1,258
Hire purchase payables (Note 28)  Total borrowings	571 59,820	59,336
Total equity	367,274	360,390
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.16	0.16

There was no change in the Group's approach to capital management during the financial year.

The Company manage its capital based on debt-to-equity ratio. The debt-to-equity ratio of the Company at the end of the reporting period is not presented as its cash and cash equivalents exceeded the total external borrowings.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## 49.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	20	24
	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Financial Assets		
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		
Other investments (Note 9) Short-term investments (Note 17)	1,000 84,278	4,291
	85,278	4,291
Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		
Other investments (Note 9)	350	-
Amortised Cost		
Trade receivables (1) (Note 14)	153,048	<b></b>
Other receivables and deposits (Note 15)	1,695	277
Amounts owing by subsidiaries (Note 16)	-	77,785
Deposits with licensed banks (Note 18)	6,364	1,260
Cash and bank balances (Note 18)	22,268	1,200
	183,375	79,322
Financial Liabilities		
Amortised Cost	44.007	
Trade payables (Note 30)	14,987 11,387	2,074
Other payables and accruals <sup>(2)</sup> (Note 31) Amounts owing to subsidiaries (Note 16)	11,501	2,074
Trade financing (Note 32)	40,196	_
Term financing (Note 26)	496	496
Term loans (Note 25)	17,694	-
Hire purchase payables (Note 28)	571	571
	85,331	3,207

## **DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD**

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## 49.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

	20	23
Financial Assets	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
, <del>.</del>		
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Short-term investments (Note 17)	133,092	48,154
Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income Other investment (Note 9)	110	-
Amortised Cost Trade receivables (1) (Note 14) Other receivables and deposits (Note 15) Amounts owing by subsidiaries (Note 16) Deposits with licensed banks (Note 18) Cash and bank balances (Note 18)	100,196 1,920 - 6,399 18,148	198 69,860 - 562
	126,663	70,620
Financial Liabilities		
Amortised Cost Trade payables (Note 30) Other payables and accruals (2) (Note 31) Amounts owing to subsidiaries (Note 16) Trade financing (Note 32) Term financing (Note 26) Term loans (Note 25)	19,457 12,946 - 34,307 1,943 21,828 - 90,481	1,636 133 - 1,943 - 3,712

## Notes:-

<sup>(1) -</sup> The trade receivables exclude accrued income.

<sup>(2) -</sup> The other payables and accruals exclude deferred income, value-added tax payable and sales and service tax payable.

## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## 49.4 FAIR VALUE INFORMATION

their carrying amounts due to the relatively short-term maturity of the financial instruments or repayable on demand terms. The following table sets out the The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group and of the Company which are maturing within the next 12 months approximated fair value profile of financial instruments that are carried at fair value and those not carried at fair value at the end of the financial year.

Carrying Amount RM'000			350	1,000	84,278		40,196	496	17,694	571
Total Fair Value RM'000			350	1,000	84,278		40,196	496	17,694	571
fruments not silue Level 3 RM'000			,	i			ı	,	,	,
Fair Value of Financial Instruments not Carried at Fair Value Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000			,	,	1		40,196	496	17,694	571
Fair Value o Ca Level 1 RM'000			,	,			1	•	•	•
nstruments alue Level 3 RM'000			,	1,000			•	•	ŧ	r
Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Fair Value Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000			350	,	1		3	,	,	,
Fair Value o Carr Level 1 RM'000			*	1	84,278		,	•	,	•
Group	2024	Financial Assets	Orner Investments: - club membership	- unquoted ordinary shares	Short-term investments	Financial Liabilities	Trade financing	Term financing	Term loans	Hire purchase payables

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D) 49.

49.4 FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (CONT'D)

	Fair Value o	Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Fair Value	nstruments alue	Fair Value c Ca	Fair Value of Financial Instruments not Carried at Fair Value	struments not alue	Total Fair	Carrying
Group	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Value RM'000	Amount RM'000
2023								
Financial Assets Other investment: - club membership Short-term investments	, 133.092	110	, ,	1 1	, ,		133 002	110
	260,061	}	ŧ	ı	ı	ı	760,001	780'cc I
Financial Liabilities					0		0	9
s rade ishancing	1	•		•	705,45	ŧ	34,307	34,307
Term financing	•	,		•	1,943	,	1,943	1,943
Term loans		1	1	ŧ	21,828	,	21,828	21,828

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## DATASONIC GROUP BERHAD

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

49.4 FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (CONT'D)

	Fair Value Car	Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Fair Value	nstruments alue	Fair Value c Ca	Fair Value of Financial Instruments not Carried at Fair Value	struments not alue	Total Fair	Carrying
Company	Level 1 RM'000	Levei 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM*000	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Value RM'000	Amount RM'000
2024								
Financial Asset Short-term investments	4,291	1	ı	,	•	1	4,291	4,291
<u>Financial Liabilities</u> Term financing Hire purchase payables	1 1	. (	ī 1	1 1	496 571	1 1	496 571	496 571
2023								
Financial Asset Short-term investments	48,154	,	1	1	ı	•	48,154	48,154
<u>Financial Liabilities</u> Term financing	ţ	,	ł	, :	1,943		1,943	1,943

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

## 49. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

## 49.4 FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (CONT'D)

## (a) Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Fair Value

- (i) The fair values above have been determined using the following basis:-
  - (aa) The fair value of the club membership is estimated based on its market price.
  - (bb) The fair value of the unquoted ordinary shares is determined to approximate its initial cost of investment incurred as the investee has not commenced business operations during the financial year.
  - (cc) The fair values of short-term investments are determined by reference to statements provided by the respective financial institutions, with which the investments were entered into.
- (ii) There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 during the financial year.

## (b) Fair Value of Financial Instruments not Carried at Fair Value

The fair values, which are for disclosure purposes, have been determined using the following basis:-

- (i) The fair value of term loans, term financing and trade financing that carry floating interest rates approximated their carrying amounts as they are repriced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.
- (ii) The fair values of hire purchase payables are determined by discounting the relevant cash flows using current market interest rates for similar instruments at the end of the financial year. The interest rates used to discount the estimated cash flows are as follows:-

	Group		Company	
	<b>2024</b> %	<b>2023</b> %	2024 %	2023 %
Hire purchase				
payables	3.39	-	3.39	**